



The project has received funding from the Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under the Grant Agreement N°101000383

Webinar: Lupins – a neglected, underused crop

Overview of lupin crops How much do the consumers know lupins?

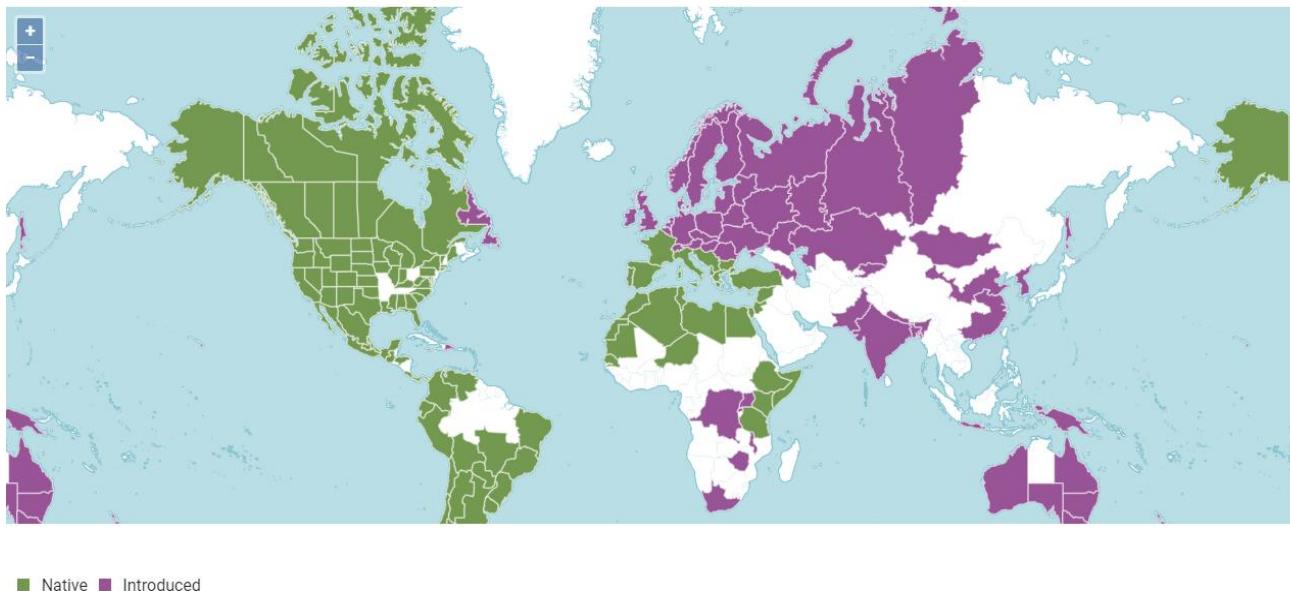
Mariateresa Lazzaro and Christine Arncken,
Plant Breeding, FiBL (Switzerland)



Lupins (*Lupinus* spp)

- large and diverse genus in the legume family
- includes 583 accepted species
- Lupins are widespread across various climatic zones.

ability to adapt to different environments and varied agroclimatic conditions



Lupinus, Plants of the World Online, Royal Botanic Gardens, Kew
<https://powo.science.kew.org/taxon/urn:lsid:ipni.org:names:60436956-2>



Lupinus arboreus – tree lupin

- Lupin species are annual and perennial herbaceous plants, but also shrubs and trees.

Lupin species

Wild-type and landraces= high-alkaloid content
Modern varieties «sweet lupins» = low-alkaloid content

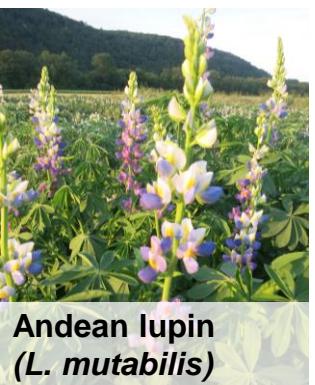
Cultivated,
annual,
arable



White lupin
(*L. albus*)



Narrow-leaved lupin
(*L. angustifolius*)



Andean lupin
(*L. mutabilis*)



Yellow lupin
(*L. luteus*)

Cultivated,
perennial,
ornamental



Lupinus × russellii
Russel's hybrids



Lupinus polyphyllus
Garden lupin

Perennial,
invasive
neophyte
(e.g. Iceland)



Lupinus nootkatensis
Nootka lupin

*classified as
invasive species
in several
countries in
Europe



DIVINFOOD



Narrow-leaved («blue») lupin



Photos: Christine Arncken (FiBL)

White lupin



Photos: Christine Arncken (FiBL)

Lupin: a chance for sustainable agriculture

- Legume family → N fixation
- P mobilization (cluster roots)
- Deep roots → Soil structure improvement
- frost tolerant summer crop
- drought tolerant
- Pollinator attracting flowers (pollen, no nectar)

Particularly interesting for organic or agroecological farming systems



- What do we do at FiBL?

Developing new varieties of white lupin

Breeding targets:

- increased resistance to anthracnose

- low alkaloid content**

- ...bitter taste/toxic...**

- early ripening



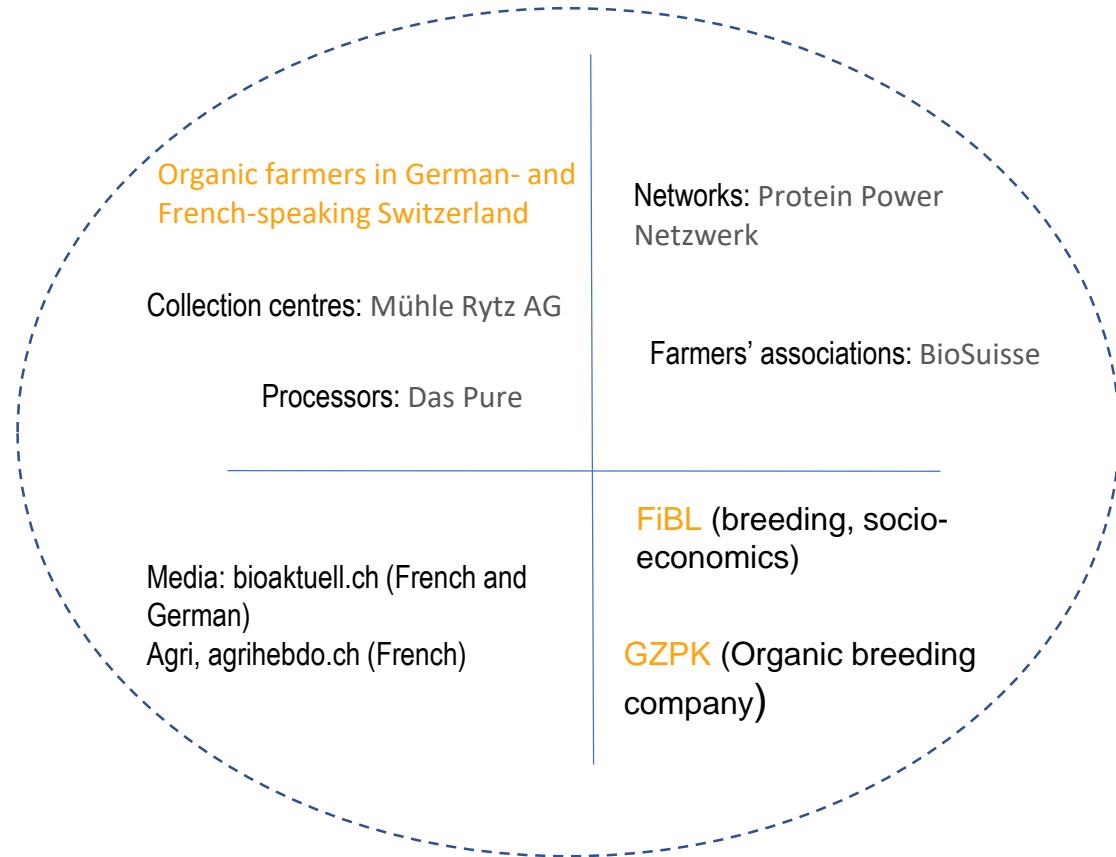
- Why?

- Only 2 varieties with increased tolerance to anthracnose in Swiss conditions (Frieda, Celina)
- No white lupin variety with stable alkaloid content below limit for human consumption



Field scoring at FiBL white lupin breeding nursery, June 2022 (Photo: Mariateresa Lazzaro)

The LivingLab approach



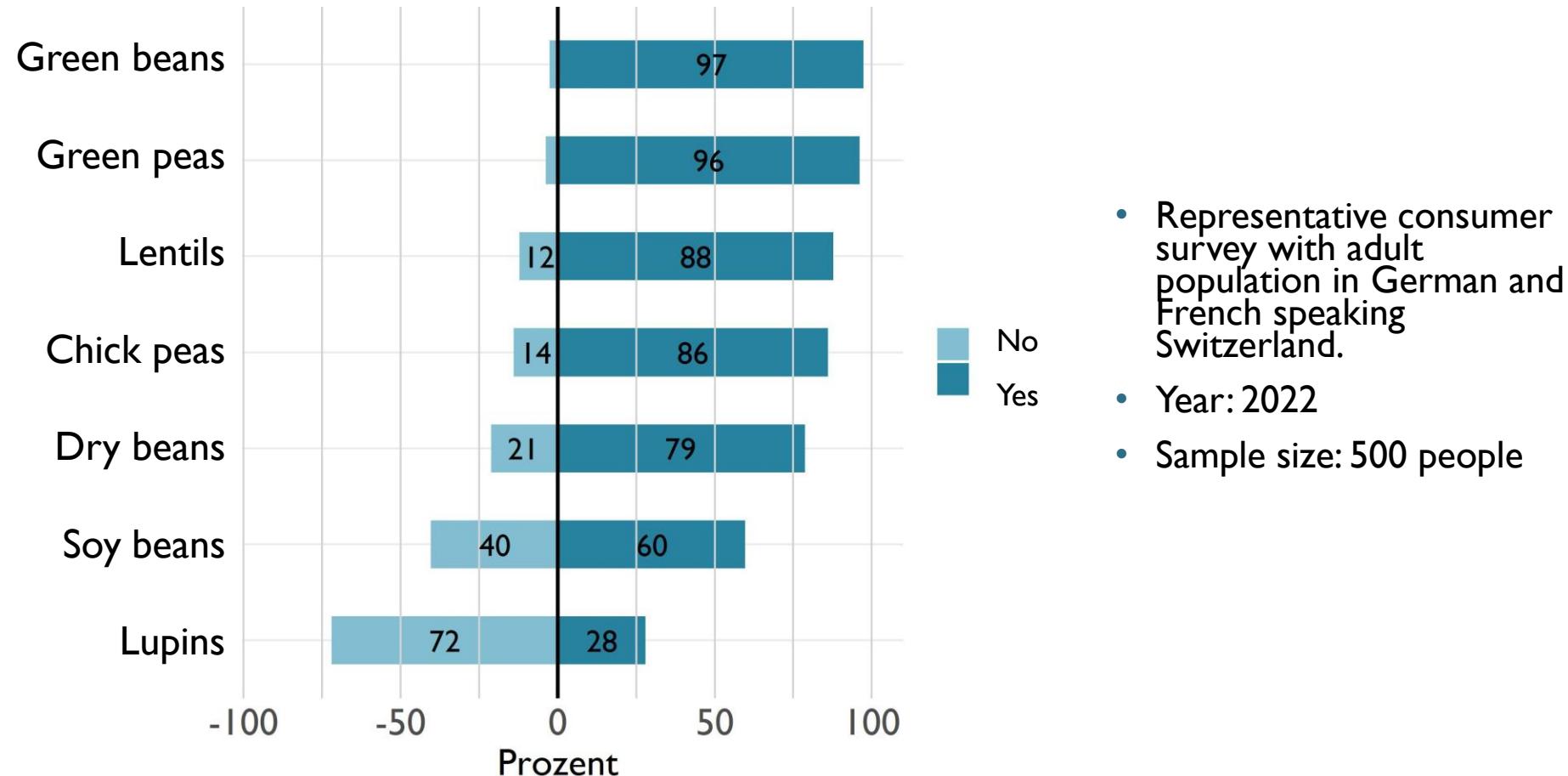
Value-chain development



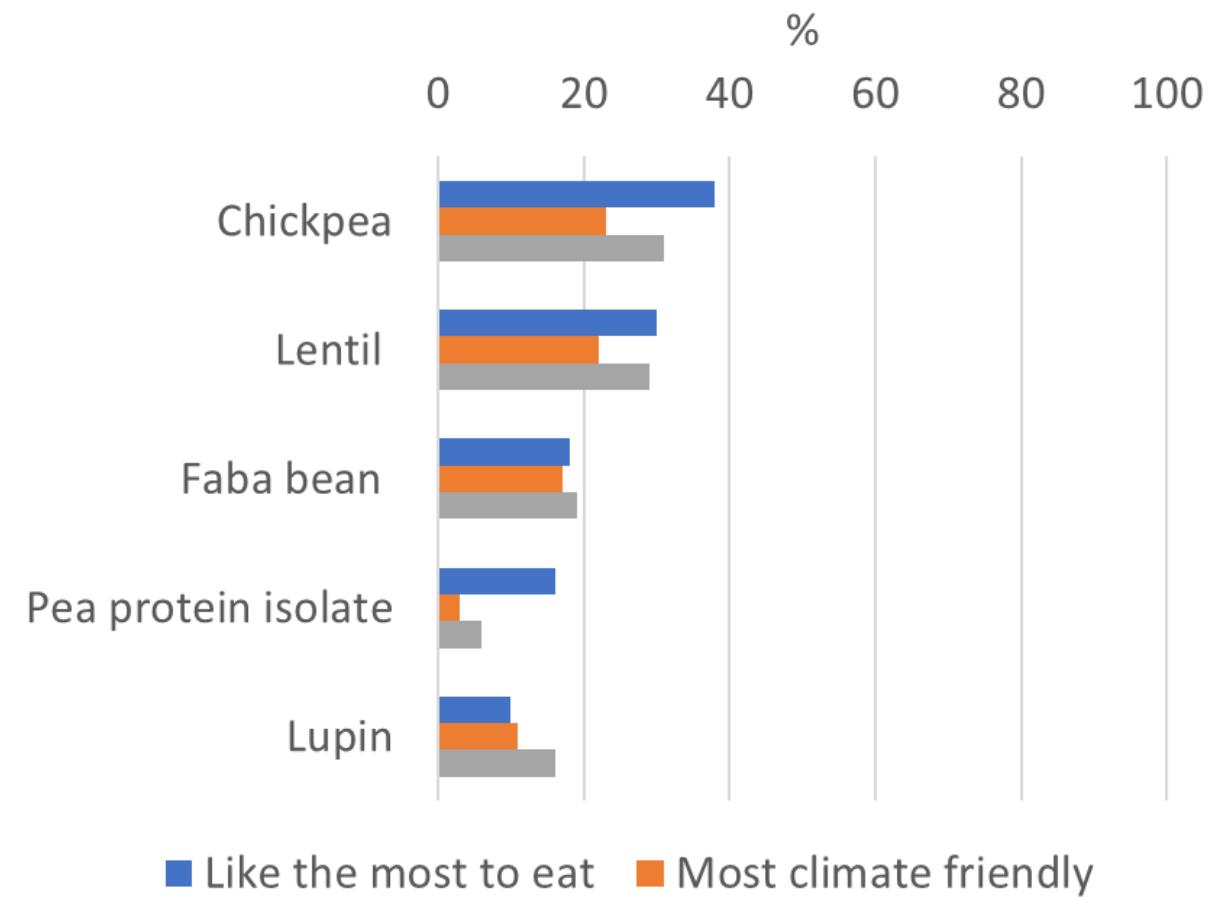
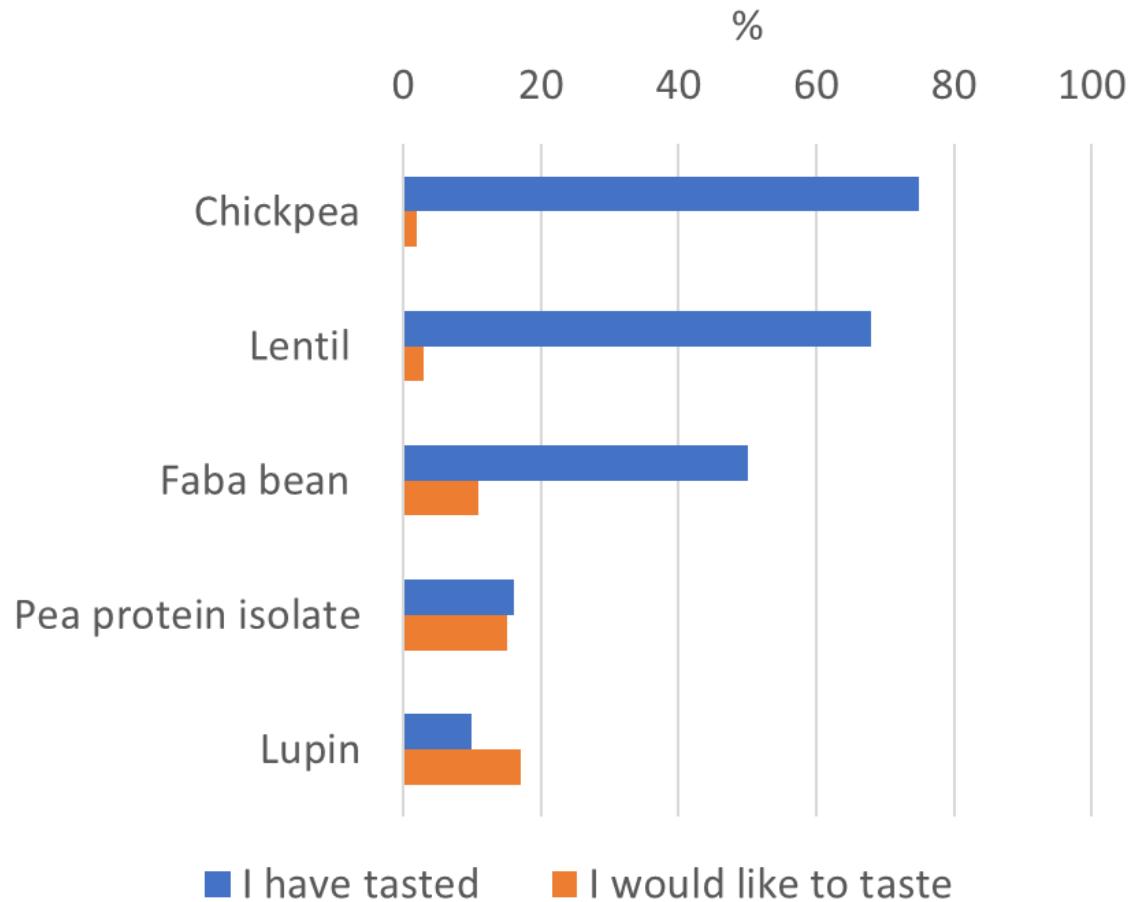
How much are lupins known among the consumers?

Consumer research – consumption of lupins and other legumes

28% of the Swiss population has consumed lupins – about twice as many have consumed soy beans.



Consumers research – sources of protein, Denmark.



Contacts



FiBL Frick

Pre-Breeding Projekt Weisse Lupine

+41 62 865 72 37

christine.arncken@fbl.org



gzpk

Erbsen- und Lupinenzüchtung

+41 55 264 17 89

m.kamp@gzpk.ch



gzpk

Züchter Körnerleguminosen

+41 55 264 17 89

s.kussmann@gzpk.ch



FiBL Frick

Stellvertretende Gruppenleiterin, Züchtungsgruppe

+41 62 865 72 94

mariateresa.lazzaro@fbl.org



FiBL Frick

Expertin Lebensmittelqualität und Verarbeitung

+41 62 865 04 27

ursula.kretzschmar@fbl.org



FiBL Frick

Quantitative Genetik, Bioinformatik

+41 62 510 53 03

michael.schneider@fbl.org



FiBL Lausanne

Expertin Lebensmittelqualität und Verarbeitung

+41 62 865 17 25

ludivine.nicod@fbl.org



FiBL Frick

PhD Student

+41 62 865 50 31

andras.patyi@fbl.org



FiBL Frick

Wissenschaftliche Mitarbeiterin, Lebensmittelqualität und Verarbeitung

+41 62 865 72 12

bernadette.oehen@fbl.org



FiBL Frick

Wissenschaftliche Mitarbeiterin, Lebensmittelqualität

und Verarbeitung

+41 62 865 04 22

ivaina.braendle@fbl.org



FiBL Frick

Co-Leitung Departement für Nutzpflanzenwissenschaften (ad interim)
Leitung Gruppe Pflanzenzüchtung

+41 62 865 04 43

monika.messmer@fbl.org



DIVINFOOD

Thanks for your attention

mariateresa.Lazzaro@fibl.org

<https://divinfood.eu>

