





# Mating Disruption: Key element of a successful building block strategy against Cydia pomonella in organic apple production

## **Problem**

The codling moth (Cydia pomonella) is the most important and most frequent pest in organic fruit growing. The larvae of the codling moth damage apples in particular and can cause considerable crop losses.

## Solution

The confusion technique can be considered as an elementary component of codling moth control. The most important condition for successful control is a low initial population.

## **Benefits**

The pheromone confusion technique is a residue-free and beneficial insect-friendly method with high efficacy in large-scale cultivation and low infestation pressure.

## **Practical recommendations**

- Pheromone confusion as a biotechnological process
- Attraction mechanisms based on sex pheromones
- A suitable method for codling moth regulation, especially in larger, adjacent plantations
- Type of dispensers
  - Aerosol dispensers (approx. two puffers per hectare) (Picture 3)
  - Passive dispensers (500-1,000 dispensers per hectare) (Picture 1 and 2)
- Dispensers should be applied shortly before codling moth flight begins (Flight control with pheromone traps)
- Regulation of moth flight with dispensers: regular release of sex pheromone over the entire codling moth flight period is crucial for treatment success
- Weather conditions have a decisive influence on the dispensing behaviour of the dispensers
- Distribute dispensers regularly within the orchard and double the amount in the last outer row or along the fence around the plantation.
- Suspend the dispensers in the upper third of the crown, otherwise, the efficiency will be low
- Apply the total number of dispensers per hectare; otherwise, the effect will be reduced
- Combined dispensers are available (effect against fruit peel and codling moth)
- Collect and dispose of the empty passive dispensers (at the latest when digging up the old plant), as they are very difficult to decompose in the soil

# **Applicability box**

## **Theme**

Crop production, Horticulture, Temperate fruits

## **Keywords**

Plant protection, pest control, biological pest control

#### Context

Central Europe

# Required time

**Immediately** 

## **Period of impact**

Spring, before the beginning of codling moth flight

# **Equipment**

Passive dispenser, Aerosol dispenser

## Best in

Pome fruits

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# PRACTICE ABSTRACT



Picture. 1 and 2: The most commonly used (in northern Germany) Passive Dispensers Isomate CLR Maxx TT and RAK 3. Picture 3: Checkmate Puffer (Photos: Christina Adolphi, ÖON).

## **Further information**

## Weblinks

- Trautmann, M. 2017. <u>The pheromone confusion technique: A mainstay of successful winder regulation in fruit growing.</u> KOB Bavendorf. (in German)
- Schluchterer, M., Kiem, U., Zimmer, J., Kienzle, J. 2020. Regulation of codling and cup moths (in German)
- The Organic Farm Knowledge platform for more practical recommendations

# About this practice abstract

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