### INFLUENCE OF AGRICULTURAL SERVICE **CROPS ON THE** FLUCTUATIONS OF THE SOIL MINERAL COMPOSITION

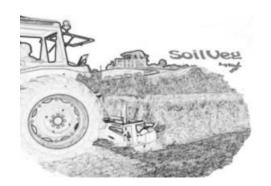
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# We are not growing plants, soil is growing plants!



# SoilVeg Improving soil conservation and resource use in organic cropping systems for vegetable production through introduction and management of Agro-ecological Service Crops







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#### Agricultural service crops (ASC):

- > are not yielding a cash crop (in our case vegetable crops)
- have indirect influence on the yield by improving the soil properties and increasing availability of nutrients for following crops in a sustainable way
- >is the way of no-tillage approach



#### The task of ASC

prevent leaching of mineral nutrients from the soil during the winter-early spring period, when precipitation exceed evaporation and low temperature slows down vegetation



## Roller crimper

Terminates ASC growth by minimal energy consumption and ensures mulching effect for cash crop



#### Materials and methods

Institute of Agricultural Resources and Economics, Latvia

2015/2016

The aim - to clarify the influence of ASC on cabbage and onion crops and compare with traditional soil management systems.



#### Trial layout

|     | <b>5</b> 1.5            | GM       |          | RC       |          |          |         |
|-----|-------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|---------|
|     | CM 6o<br>t/ha<br>autumn | rape     | rye      | rape     | rye      | Control  | Cash    |
|     | 3 m                     | 3 m      | 3 m      | 3 m      | 3 m      | 3 m      | crop    |
| 6 m | ıst repl                | ıst repl | ıst repl | ıst repl | ıst repl | ıst repl |         |
| 6 m | 2nd repl                | 2nd repl | 2nd repl | 2nd repl | 2nd repl | 2nd repl | cabb    |
| 6 m | 3rd repl                | 3rd repl | 3rd repl | 3rd repl | 3rd repl | 3rd repl | cabbage |
| 6 m | 4th repl                | 4th repl | 4th repl | 4th repl | 4th repl | 4th repl |         |
| 6 m | ıst repl                | ıst repl | ıst repl | 1st repl | 1st repl | ıst repl |         |
| 6 m | 2nd repl                | 2nd repl | 2nd repl | 2nd repl | 2nd repl | 2nd repl | onion   |
| 6 m | 3rd repl                | 3rd repl | 3rd repl | 3rd repl | 3rd repl | 3rd repl | on      |
| 6 m | 4th repl                | 4th repl | 4th repl | 4th repl | 4th repl | 4th repl |         |

#### Results

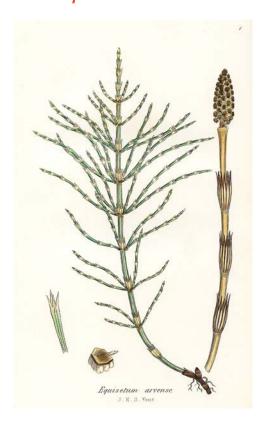
The DM biomass of incorporated plants was quite high, 2.64 t ha<sup>-1</sup> for rape and 7.01 t ha<sup>-1</sup> for rye

The recommended biomass of live mulch plants in RC technology is 5 t ha<sup>-1</sup>



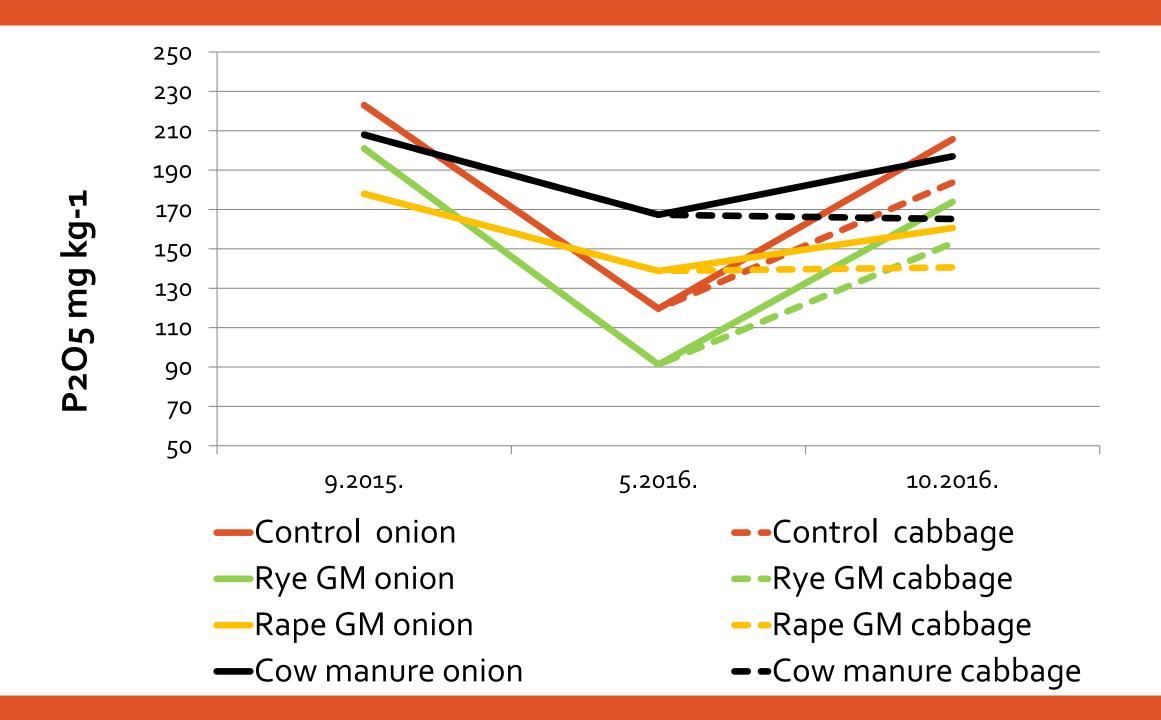
#### Perennial weed infestation

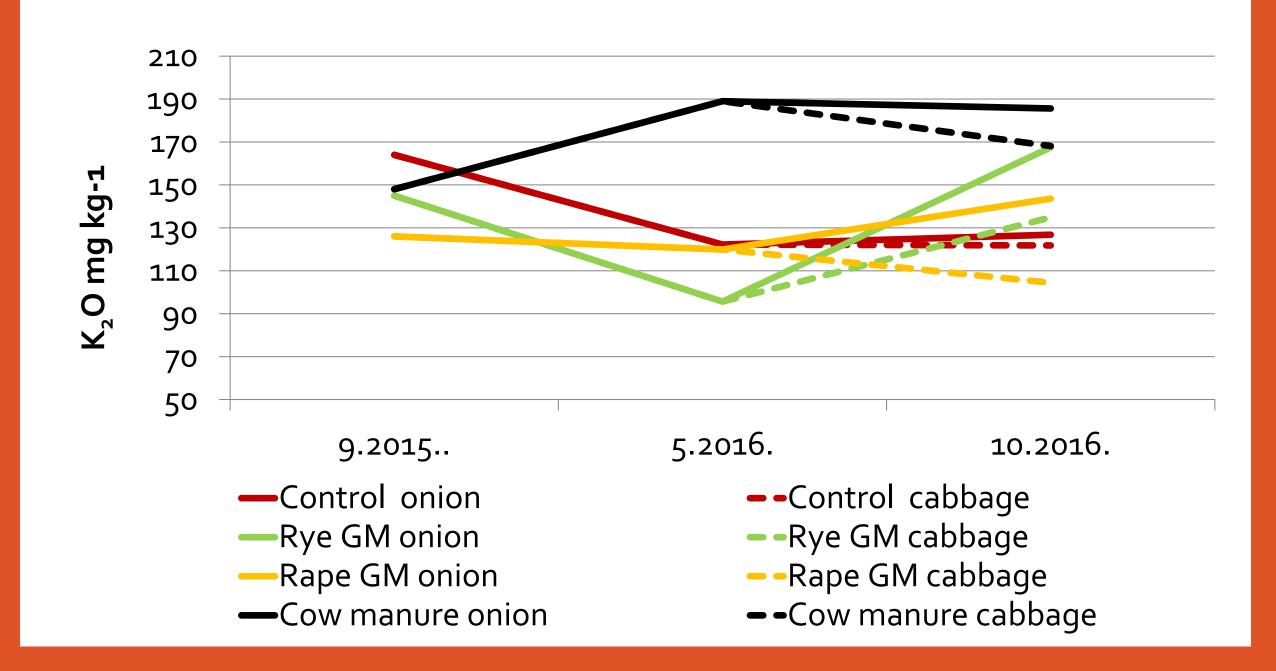
Equisetum arvense L. and Sonchus arvensis L.

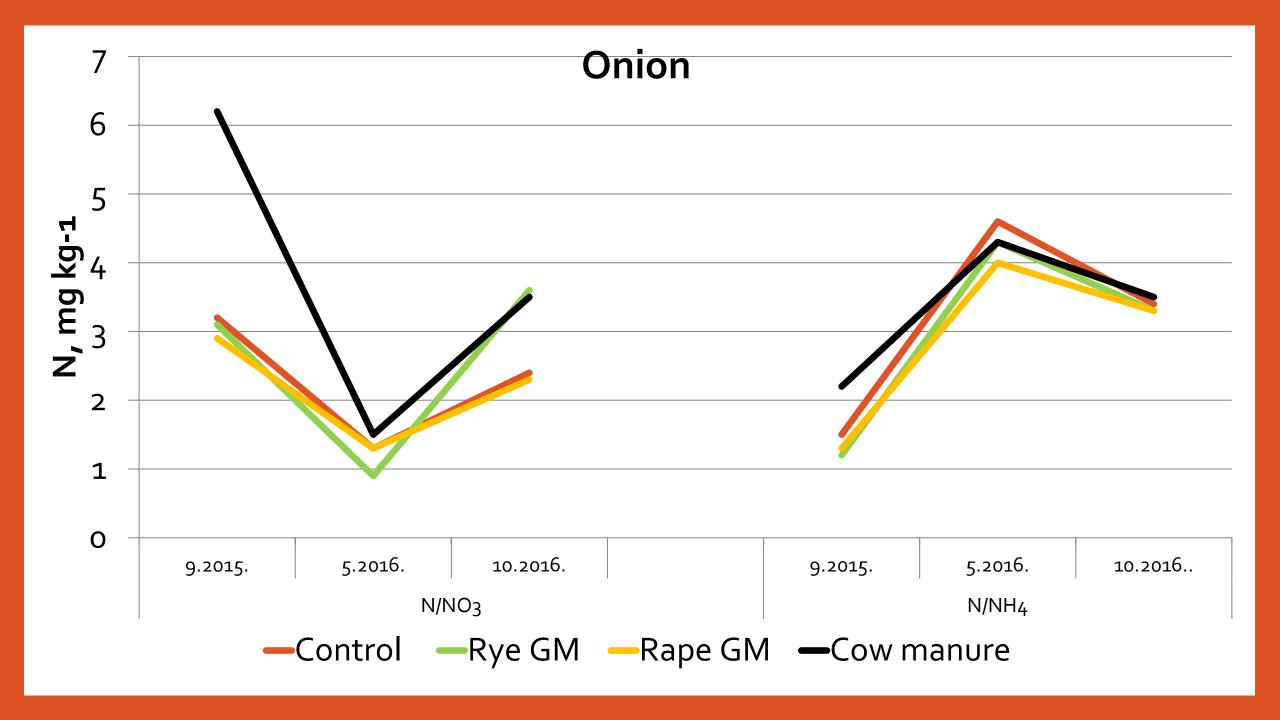


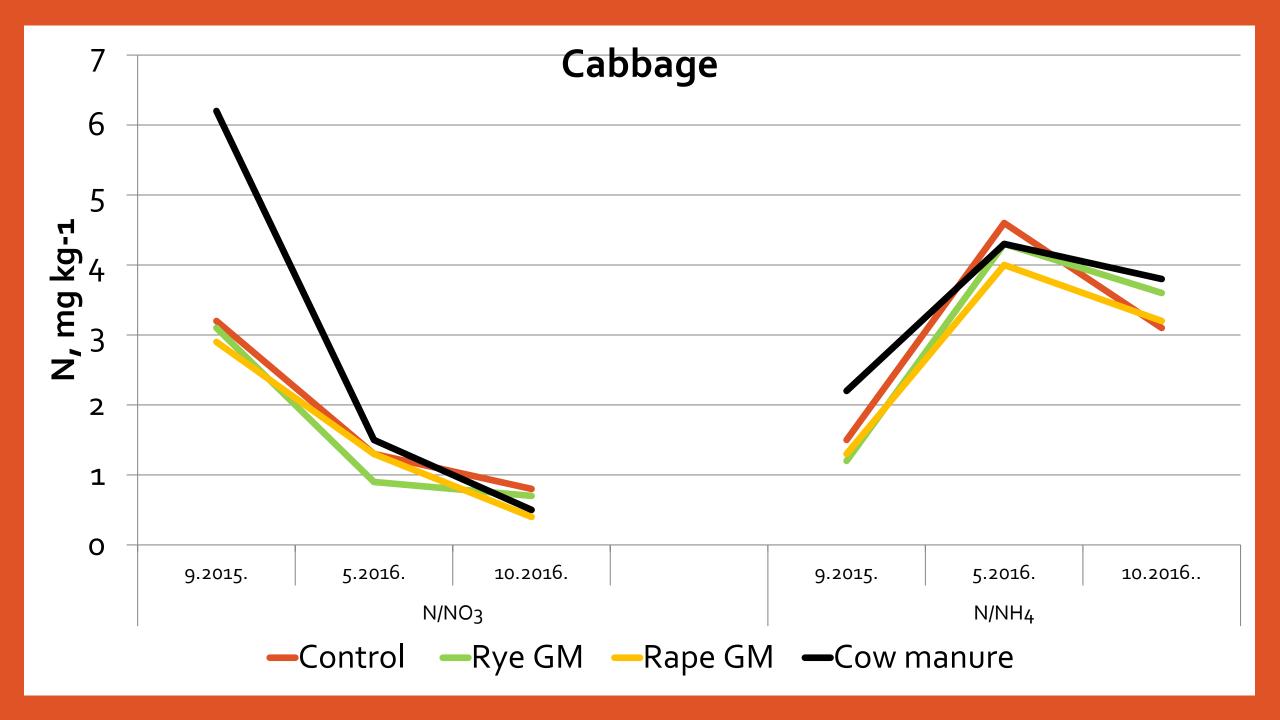












#### Conclusions

- •There was no sharp difference in agrochemical parameters between treatments.
- •The differences between vegetables were more clear cabbage reduced nitrate content in the soil, whereas onion did not.
- •ASC crops have some positive influence on the maintenance of mineral nutrients balances in vegetable cropping systems, but more investigations are needed to find particular regularities

## THANKYOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION!