



# Assessment of animal welfare and environmental impact

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## Organic pigs outdoors









## Organic pigs indoors with concrete outside run











#### Overview

- Introduction to ProPIG
- How to assess animal welfare and environmental impact?
  - Examples
- How to/how do they relate to each other?
- Conclusions

CORE Organic

CORE Organic

CORE Organic



### ERA-net CORE Organic II ProPIG (2011-2014)

Farm specific strategies to reduce environmental impact by improving health, welfare and nutrition of organic

pigs



#### Aim of this project,

- to investigate the interaction of animal health and welfare, with nutrition and environmental impact
- to create and disseminate a tool to improve both aspects of organic pig production.

#### **Partners**



- 9 Partners in 8 Countries (AT, CH, CZ, DE, DK, FR, IT, UK)
- Coordination: C. Leeb , Austria

Austria: C. Winckler, G. Rudolph and C. Leeb (BOKU)

Czechia: J. Urban (Bio-I), G. Illman (IAS, Prague)

Denmark: T. Rousing, J.T. Soerensen (Aarhus Univ.)

France: A. Prunier, J.Y. Dourmand, F. Vertes (INRA)

Germany: S. Dippel (FLI) and C. Simatke (BAT)

Italy: **D. Bochicchio** (CRA-SUI)

Switzerland: B. Früh, M. Meier, A. Berner (FIBL)

UK: S. Edwards, G. Butler (Univ. Newcastle)

(Sweden: E. Salomon, K. Lindgren, A.K. Lind (JTI))



## **ProPIG** "Three Systems"





75 farms in 8 countries

#### To identify

- animal environment interactions
- in three systems:



#### **Hypothesis**

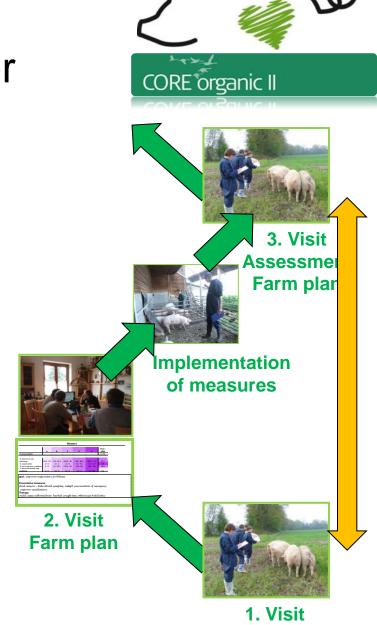
All systems are able to ensure good welfare and low environmental impact when well managed

#### **ProPIG**

## Farm specific strategies for improvement

To develop and implement

- Farm specific strategies to:
  - reduce environmental impacts
  - by improving health, welfare, nutrition and management
- To disseminate knowledge to national advisory bodies and farmers



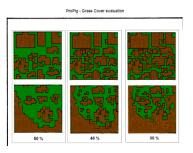
Assessment

# WP1: Definition of systems and development of assessment protocols of animal health, welfare and environmental impacts



WP leader: UK, Sandra Edwards/Gillian Butler)

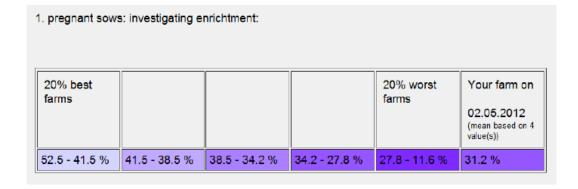
- Definition of Systems (indoor/partly indoor/outdoor)
- Development of Assessment protocols
- Animal health and Welfare: e.g. Clinical scoring, medicine records
- Environmental impact: LCA, nutrient balances
- Farmer: qualitative interviews, basic economical data
- Automatic recording and feedback: PigSUrfer
- "Decision Support Tool" for environmental impact

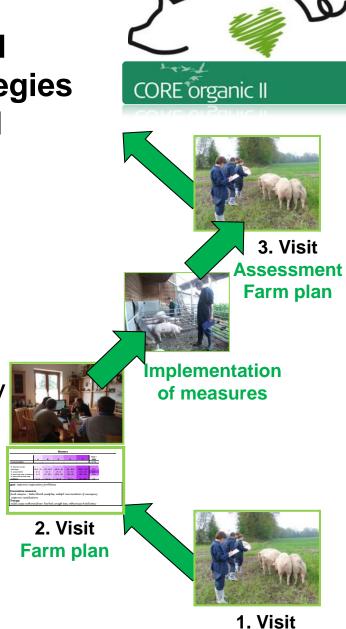




# WP 2: On-farm assessment and application of improvement strategies of animal health, welfare and environmental impacts WP leader: Denmark, Tine Rousing

Prospective cohort observational study 75 farms (3 systems of 25 farms each) Training and Interobserver Repeatability 3 Farm visits





Assessment



## WP 3: Analysis, evaluation and dissemination

WP leader: Germany, Sabine Dippel

- Comparison of three systems regarding animal health, welfare and environmental impact
- 2. Detailed analysis of effect of farming type on health and welfare and productivity
- 3. Evaluation of improvement strategies
- 4. Dissemination:
  - Website, articles (farmer journals/scientific)
  - Handbooks and training material for advisors
  - National and international stakeholder meetings

#### Welfare



#### Clinical/ Physical

e.g. Fraser & Broom, 1990



#### Feelings/ Mental

e.g. Duncan, 1993

"Naturalness"
Normal behaviour
Integrity

e.g. Rollin, 1993 Examples

## First resultsTwo Austrian farms



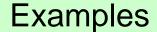
farrow to finish farms, approx. 25 sows, F1 (LRxES), mainly home grown feeds

Indoor









## First results-Animal welfare



#### Thin sows

20% best farms				20% worst farms	Ihr Betrieb am 18.07.2012 (Mittelwert basiert
					auf: 19 Werte)
0.0 - 5.3 %	5.3 - 10.5 %	10.5 - 14.3 %	14.3 - 22.2 %	22.2 - 54.5 %	5.3 %



prominent and no fat cover

over hips and backbone.



Condition Score 2: The hip bones and backbone are easily felt without any pressure on the palms.



Condition Score 3: It takes firm pressure with the palm to feel the hip bones and backbone.



Condition Score 4: It is impossible to feel the bones at all even with pressure on the palm of the hands.



Condition Score 5: The sow is carrying so much far that it is impossible to feel the hip bones and backbone even by pushing down with a single finger.

Examples

## First results-Animal welfare



#### **Skin lesions**

20% best farms					Ihr Betrieb am 18.07.2012 (Mittelwert basiert auf: 19 Werte)
0.0 - 0.0 %	0.0 - 11.1 %	11.1 - 19.0 %	19.0 - 27.3 %	27.3 - 51.4 %	17.4 %





## Environmental impact



## Global warming Potential

e.g. Basset-Mens & van der Werf, 2005; Olea et al., 2009; Halberg et al, 2010, Rigolot et al, 2010

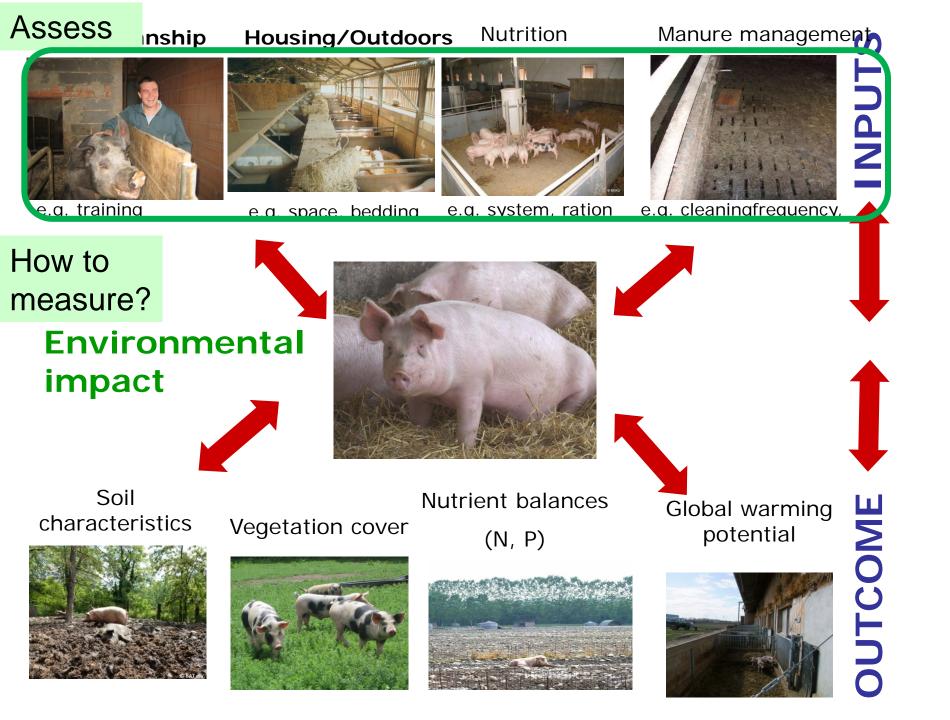


## Nutrient flow (N and P)

e.g. Schröder et al., 2003

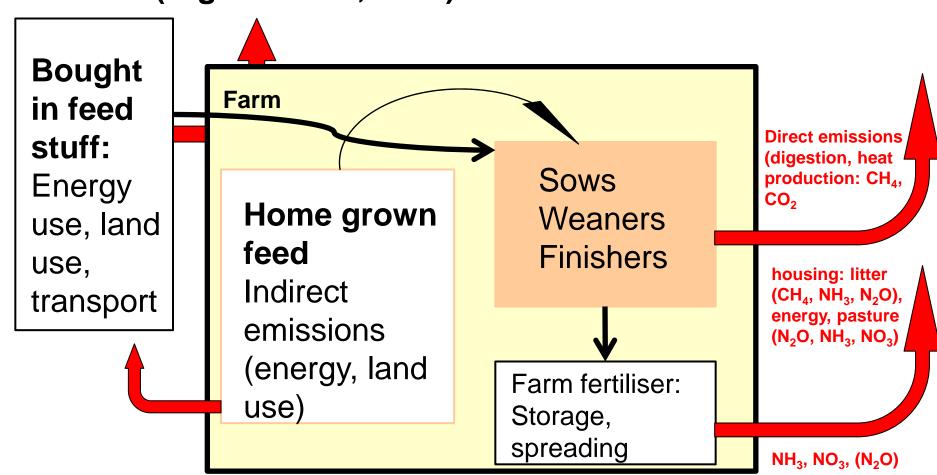
Soil characteristics

e.g. Gee and Bauer, 1986





## Global warming potential Modell (Rigolot et al., 2010)



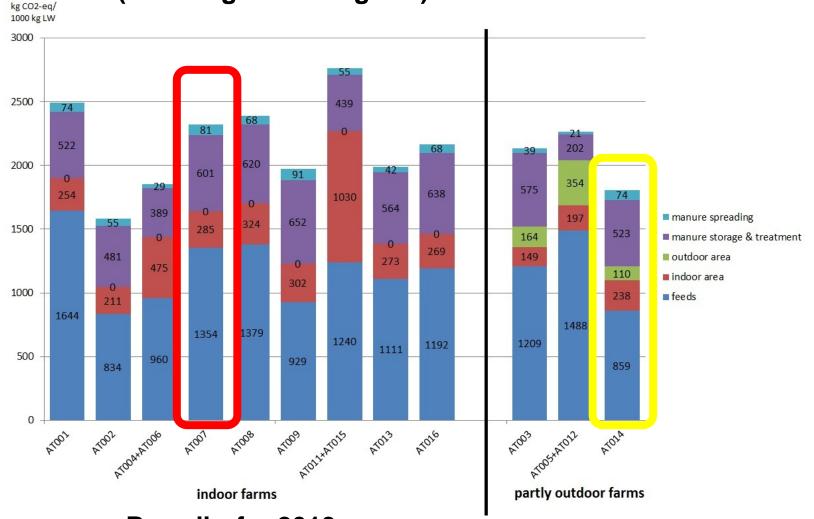
Examples

#### First results-

CO<sub>2</sub>-eq Emissions of Austrian organic pig farms CORE organic II

in kg CO<sub>2</sub>-eq/1000kg finishing pig

(live weight at slaughter)



**Brandhofer 2013** 







## N and P balances of Austrian organic pig farms

Betrieb	N-Bilanz (kg N/ha/a) P-Bil	anz (kg P/ha/a)
AT001	17	-6
AT002	-30	-6
AT004+AT006	-10	-3
AT007	7	-4*
AT008	-10	-7*
AT009	3	1*
AT011+AT015	15	-3
AT013	12	4
AT016	5	-2*
AT003	-12	3
AT005+AT012	-11	2*
AT014	42	28*
Durchschnitt indoor	1,0	-2,9
Durchschnitt partly outdoor	6,3	11,0

Brandhofer, 2013



#### How to relate?

- 1. Individual parameters?
  - Mange eradication:
    - prevalence of ectoparasites vs.
       Treatment incidence



 rooting behaviour vs. vegetation cover

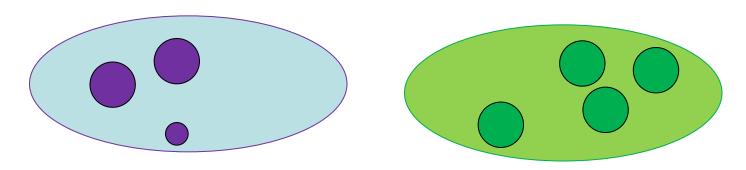






#### How to relate?

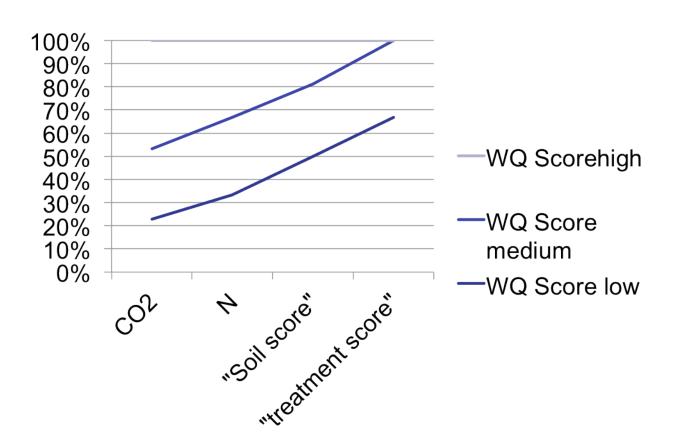
- 2. Combination of few, selected parameters "Cluster"?
  - E.g. Physical welfare: treatment incidences plus lesions, lameness
  - E.g. Direct animal impact on environment:
     Medicinal input, Vegetation cover,

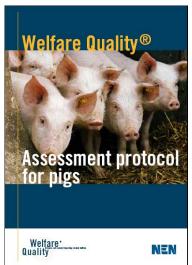


#### How to relate?



3. Compare e.g. WQ<sup>®</sup> Score of farm with e.g. CO<sub>2</sub>-eq Emissions?





Relation

## How do they relate?



			COVE OF SOLICE
	Environment	Environment	Environment
	+	0	-
Animal health, welfare & nutrition	Mange eradication Optimised ration Regular removal of manure in outside run Health management	Adequate amount of bedding	Access to forest Access to natural water sources
Animal health, welfare & nutrition	Origin of food stuff Manure storage Food conversion rate		Protein surplus in Ration Feed losses High spacial variability in N and P load
Animal health, welfare & nutrition	Nose rings of sows	Respiratory problems	High density of pigs outdoors Rotation interval inadequate

Examples

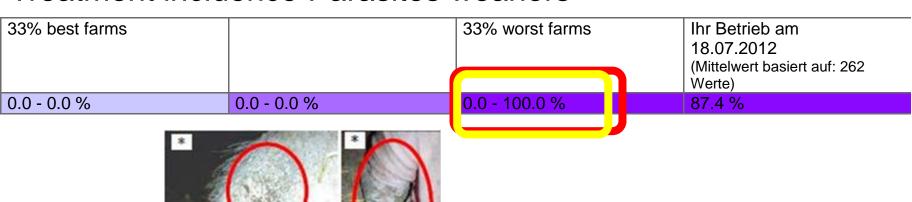
## First results-Ectoparasites



#### Treatment incidence Parasites sows

20% best farms				20% worst farms	Ihr Betrieb am 18.07.2012 (Mittelwert basiert
					auf: 20 Werte)
0.0 - 0.0 %	0.0 - 100.0 %	100.0 - 100.0 %	100.0 - 187.5 %	187.5 - 200.0 %	190.0 %

#### Treatment incidence Parasites weaners



**Examples** 

#### First results-

#### **Ectoparasites- Mange eradication**



#### Treatment incidence Parasites sows

					18.07.2012 (Mittelwert basiert auf: 20 Werte)
0.0 - 0.0 %	0.0 - 100.0 %	100.0 - 100.0 %	100.0 - 187.5 %	187.5 - 200.0 %	190.0 %

#### Treatment incidence Parasites weaners

33% best farms		33% worst farms	Ihr Betrieb am 18.07.2012 (Mittelwert basiert auf: 262 Werte)
0.0 - 0.0 %	0.0 - 0.0 %	0.0 - 100.0 %	87.4 %

### When well managed!

#### Conclusions

- CORE organic II
- Selected aspects of animal welfare and environmental impact can be assessed on farm
- Still to be discussed how to relate them to each other
  - Concrete hypothesis
  - Specific measureable outcomes
- High influence of management variation within systems larger than across systems
- Allowing to identify solutions





## Thank you! Questions?



Further information: http://www.coreorganic2.org/propig

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