

# The Economics of Organic Vegetable Production

## UK Market & Supply

Ulrich Schmutz and Chris Firth

Presentation Agricultural Economics Society, Plymouth, March 2003

[USchmutz@HDRA.org.uk](mailto:USchmutz@HDRA.org.uk)



## HDRA.org.uk/research (Henry Doubleday Research Association)

- **15 years** experience in applied organic vegetable and fruit research
- since **6 years economics team** with currently 3 members of staff plus PhD students
- currently **7 research projects** with farm economics
- **Location**  
Ryton Organic Gardens  
Coventry  
Warwickshire  
UK



## Contents

- 1 Methods**
- 2 Market & Supply (Drivers and Constrains)**
- 3 Conversion economics and supply**
- 4 Production economics and supply**
- 5 Future development**



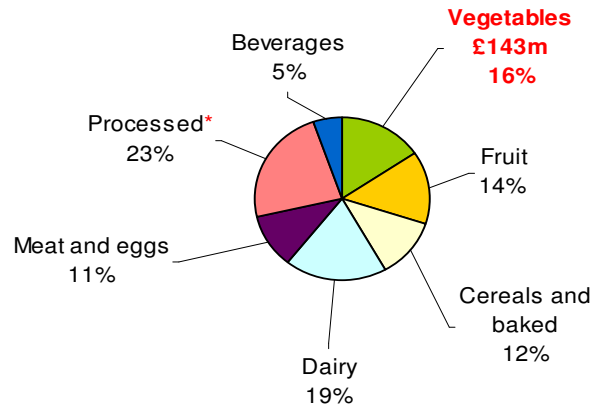
## Methods

### **Selected results form two DEFRA studies were used**

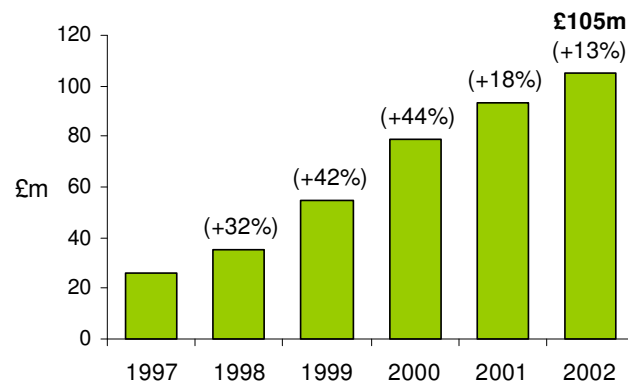
- **Organic vegetable market in the UK for the 2001/02 season**  
(OF0307)  
Data on volumes and values of crops traded, were collected from organic packers and wholesalers
- **Conversion to Organic Field Vegetable Production, 1996-2004**  
(OF0126T and OF0191)  
Agronomic and economic performance of 11 farms, which have converted to organic field vegetable production. Data is collected according to Farm Business Survey (FBS) standards.



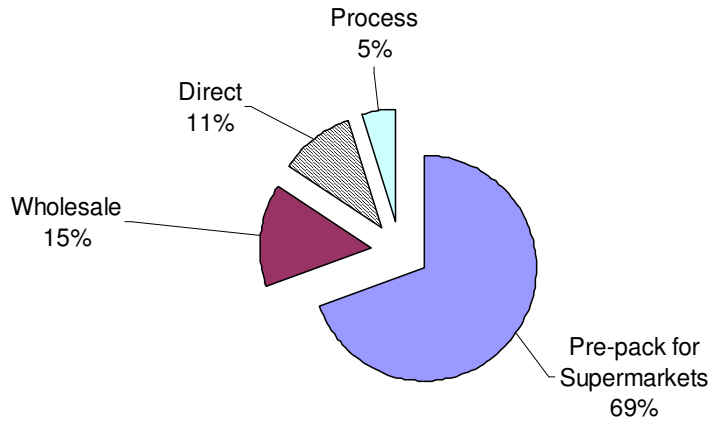
## The UK organic market 2002



## Growth of the organic vegetable retail market in the UK



## Market outlets for organic vegetables in 2002



## UK organic vegetable season 2002

	Total market <sup>1</sup> (t)	UK (t)	UK (%) by volume	UK (ha)	Monthly breakdown of use of UK and imported produce												
					A	M	J	J	A	S	O	N	D	J	F	M	
Main Potatoes	27218	17638	65	1038	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
Carrots <sup>2</sup>	13383	8724	65	349	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
Onions	7339	2447	33	175	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
Leeks	1149	976	85	122	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
Swedes	1333	1276	96	75	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
Parsnips	1283	731	57	66	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
Cauliflower	2905	1864	64	155	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
Beans	465	144	31	48	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
Aubergine	135	10	7	1	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
Tomatoes	8180	4447	54	20	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■

Key: ■ Mainly UK sourced ■ Mainly imported

<sup>1</sup> UK produce plus imports, <sup>2</sup> Monthly breakdown relates to main crop carrots

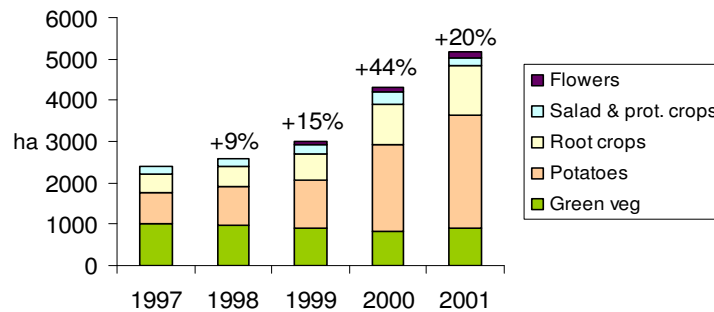


## UK market of organic vegetables drivers and constraints

Drivers	Constraints
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Food scares and GMO</li> <li>• Consumer concern for health, environment and animal welfare</li> <li>• Promotions by major retailers</li> <li>• Increasing household incomes</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Price conscious consumers</li> <li>• Education and awareness</li> <li>• Availability and poor quality of supply</li> <li>• Processing capacity problems</li> </ul>



## UK supply area of organic vegetables (incl. flowers)

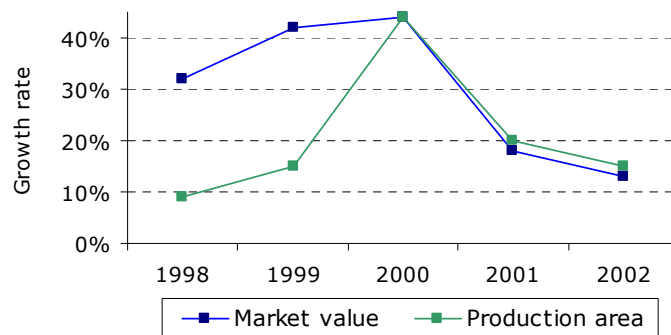


## UK supply of organic vegetables drivers and constraints

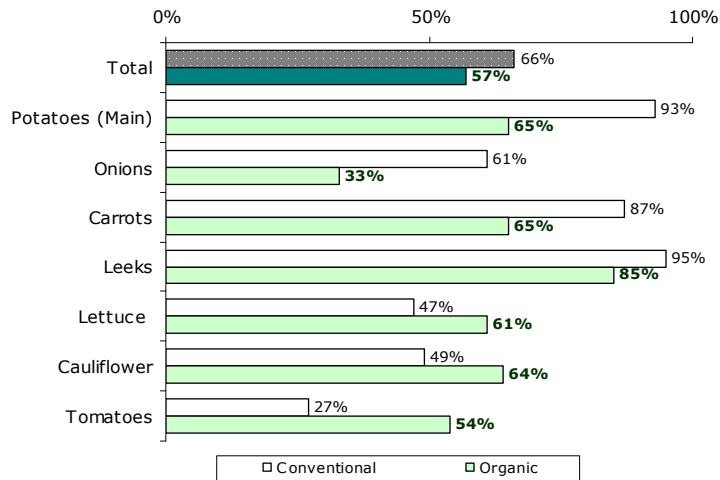
Drivers	Constraints
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Price premiums</li> <li>• Government policy</li> <li>• Supermarket pressure</li> <li>• Poor returns in conventional sector</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• High costs of conversion</li> <li>• Lack of information on conversion economics</li> <li>• Delay of conversion process</li> <li>• Perceived technical problems</li> </ul>



## Growth rates of UK organic vegetable market value and production area



## UK self-sufficiency in organic and conventional vegetables in 2001

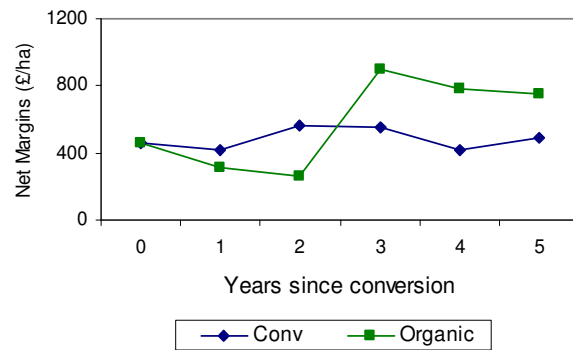


## Conversion economics and supply

- 24 month conversion period
- No or small 'in-conversion' market
- £20,000-£30,000 conversion costs  
£460/ha including reduction of farm income  
Organic aid (£450/ha) and set-aside (£300/ha)
- Fertility building: 25% of the rotation is not used for production



## Net margins following conversion on a UK model farm



## Production economics and supply

- Yields lower than conventional (40-50% lower)  
Prices higher (~100%)  
Output similar to conventional
- Costs  
some higher: Seed, Weeding, Labour  
others lower: Fertilisers, Crop protection
- Economics of the rotation are important





## Comparison of organic and conventional gross margins in broccoli production (£/ha)

	Organic	Conventional
<b>OUTPUT</b>		
Marketable yield (t)	6	7.6
Price (t)	700	500
<b>Total output</b>	<b>4200</b>	<b>3800</b>
<b>VARIABLE COSTS</b>		
Plants	1100	500
Crop protection	60	81
Fertilizers	50	103
Casual labour: plant	371	187
hand weed	212	0
harvest	636	1179
<b>Total variable costs</b>	<b>2439</b>	<b>2050</b>
<b>GROSS MARGIN</b>	<b>1761</b>	<b>1750</b>

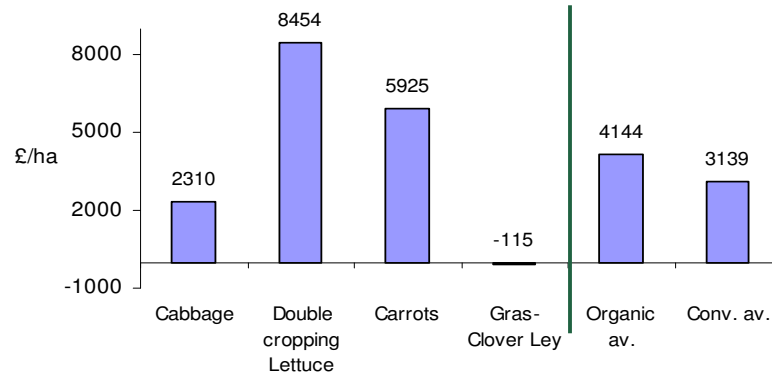


## Costs of weeding organic field vegetables (£/ha)

	Hand (h/ha)	Mechanical	Total
Carrots	1060 (200)	220	1080
Leeks	530 (100)	128	658
Broccoli	212 (40)	56	277
Lettuce	100 (19)	64	164
Potatoes	0 (0)	150	150



## Gross margins of a 4-year intensive organic field vegetable rotation



## Future Development

- Slower growth rate 10-15%
- Only 8% committed, 60% 'Dabblers'
- Organic Action Plan:  
75% self-sufficiency in UK organic markets
- Market opportunities in diversification of market channels



## Market channels for organic vegetables in the UK and Germany

Country	UK	Germany
<b>Value</b>	<b>£143m</b>	<b>£200m</b>
<b>Wholesale</b>	<b>15%</b>	<b>40%</b>
<b>Direct</b>	<b>11%</b>	<b>25%</b>
<b>Supermarkets</b>	<b>69%</b>	<b>25%</b>
<b>Other</b>	<b>5%</b>	<b>10%</b>



## References

- Chadwick, L. (2002). The farm management handbook 2002/03. SAC Edinburgh.
- Clare, M. (1999). Horticultural business survey for the north of England 1997/98. Farm Business Unit, Centre for Agricultural, Food and Resource Economics, University of Manchester, Manchester.
- Crown, (2002). Food and farming -a sustainable future. Report of the Policy Commission on the future of farming and Food, January 2002
- DEFRA, (2002a), Action plan to develop organic food and farming in England, July 2002, Department of the Environment and Rural Affairs, London.
- DEFRA, (2002b). Basic horticultural statistics for the United Kingdom 1991/92-2001/02. Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs, York, UK.
- Firth, C., Geen, N. and Hitchings, R. (2003). The UK Organic Vegetable Market (in press).
- Hamm, U., Gronefeld, F. and Halpin, D. (2002). Analysis of the European Food Market. The University of Wales, Aberystwyth
- HDRA, (2000). Conversion to Organic Field Vegetable Production, Final report to MAFF on completion of the first phase of the project. HDRA, Coventry
- Lampkin, N., Measures, M. and Padel, S. (2002). 2002/03 Organic Farm Management Handbook. University of Wales.
- Michelsen, J., Hamm, U., Wynen, E. and Roth, E. (1999). The European market for organic products: growth and development. Organic Farming in Europe: Economics and Policy Volume 7. Universitat Hohenheim. Germany.
- Mintel, (1991). Vegetarian and Organic Food Report, Mintel Market intelligence, London
- Organic Monitor, (2001). The UK market for fresh organic vegetables. Organic Monitor. London.
- Soil Association, (2001). Food and Farming Report, Soil Association, Bristol
- Soil Association, (2002). Food and Farming Report, Soil Association, Bristol

