

How to set up an on-farm cultivar trial to score for leaf blight in carrots?

Problems

In organic production, attack by carrot leaf blights (Fig. 1), caused by fungal (*Alternaria dauci, Cercospora carotae*) or bacterial pathogens (*Xanthomonas campestris pv. carotae*), can result in yield loss. The choice of resistant varieties is crucial; however, commercial varieties differ greatly in their susceptibilities. Additionally, official variety testing does not test for the suitability for organic growing conditions, and often takes place under ideal conditions on a limited number of locations.

Solutions

Organic farmers can set up a simple, on-farm cultivar trial to assess the varieties' susceptibility to leaf blight. For this, different varieties are cultivated in 2-3 strips, distributed in the trial field, to minimise the influence of heterogeneous soil conditions. A variety with a well-known tolerance level serves as a reference. Farmers can use their own machinery for cultivation. Throughout the growing season, scoring of disease symptoms (Fig. 2) should be conducted. Symptoms include:

- Spots at margin of leaves
- Lesions on petioles and stems
- Curling of leaves
- Defoliation

Practical recommendations

Other strategies, to manage carrot leaf blight, include:

- Use of vigorous and decontaminated seeds
- Avoid favourable microclimate through wider row spacing and planting on raised ridges
- Crop rotation, with at least 2-3 carrot-free years in crop rotation
- Use of organic fertilisation and irrigation if necessary, to reduce plant stress and promote foliage development
- Harvesting on time, to reduce crop loss
- Ploughing of crop debris to avoid survival of inoculum

Further information

- 1. https://ecommons.cornell.edu/handle/1813/43265
- 2. https://ecommons.cornell.edu/handle/1813/42892

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Figure 1: Carrot field attacked by carrot leaf blights (Gugino et al., 2004).



Figure 2: Alternaria leaf blight, Alternaria dauci, with insert showing leaf lesions (Gugino et al., 2004).



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