Consequences

of the European Court of Justice ECJ decision of Sept. 6th, 2011 on the zero tolerance to pollen from GMOs in bee products

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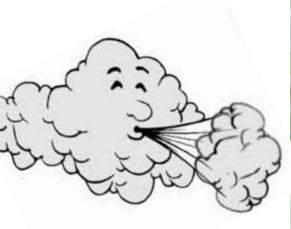
Archived at http://orgprints.org/20589/

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Consequences for the **bees**

- suspected health hazards from GMOs are not scientifically verified – unless proven otherwise
- more frequent migration increased stress
- perhaps more evenly spread apiaries







Consequences for producers

for farmers:

- risk of claim for damages
- confined choice of cultivation



- reason to consider alternatives:

crop rotation - enhanced diversity - soil life

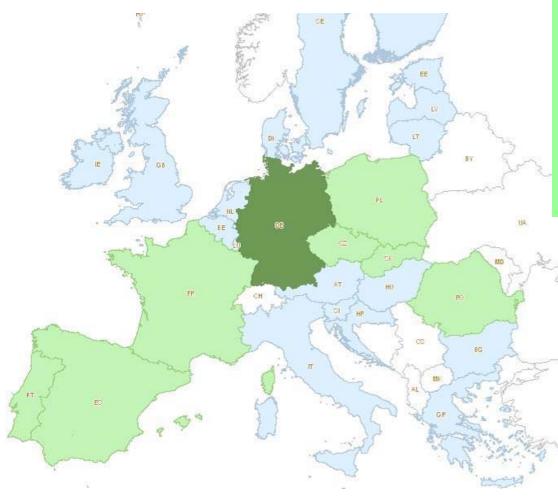
lower yields in case of apiary removal by the beekeeper



Consequences for **beekeepers**:

- checking register for GMO sites if available (e.g. Chile, Germany)
- in case of suspect for GMO cultivation around: careful choice of apiary location – perhaps shift to location with wild flora for reduced risk of contamination

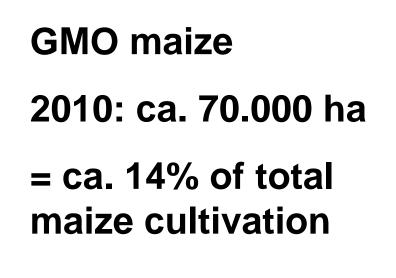




GMO cultivation registered, no public access, data not published

Registered GMO cultivation, public access to data





At the moment, the co-existence of GMO and apiculture is problematic in Spain. GMO maize covers 14% of the total cultivation – 80% of all GMO crops in Europe. Only sales are registered. For the beekeeper it is impossible to know if his apiaries are close to GMO fields, nor does he know what is a safe distance to them.

Documentation of operations / forage / migration

Documentation aid sheet for organic production

M IGRATION

Beekeeper.....Code.....Year....

No.of colonies	Period fromto	Location	Honey type	Yield (total) kg
24	May 22. – June 10.	Bee valley 52°32'31"N 13°25'14"E	Acacia	695 kg

- labelling of containers with comprehensive information about origin
- analysis costs in case of sales to processors
 / retailers if required
- further decisions pending legal uncertainty
- take action: lobbying (associations),protest & resistance actions against pro-GMO policy and cultivation, sensibilize consumers
- increased price levels





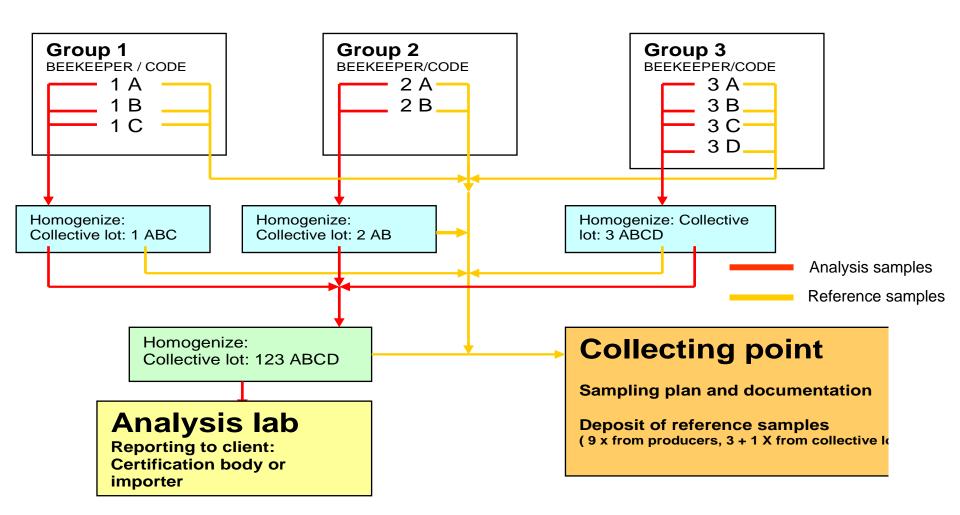


Correct labelling of honey

Producer (name/code) **Foraging area Collecting** point/date Client (if applicable) Harvest month/year Honey type Net weight Container/drum no. 2/12Lot-No. FMA 05 2 Sampling date Analysis no.: XXXXXXXXXX

Franz Maller **B-valley/GPS coordinates** Co-op Betal 11.5.03 Meier, Cestadt 03/2005 Polyflora 297 kg 10-3-120010

Sketch for sampling honey and wax for sampling purpose e.g. Co-operative of 9 producers in 3 villages



Labelling of sampling containers: Code-/lot-no., substance, designation of analysis, date of harvest, date and place of sampling, inspector's name, signature of inspector and producer Entry in sampling plan!! Storage of reference samples: cool, dark, airtight

Consequences for processors of

honey and pollen in bakery products, sweets, brans, drinks, pharmaceuticals, food supplements

- absolute diligence when purchasing honey from regions with suspected GMO cultivation
- analyzed lots
- separation of lots until analysis results are available
- blending after approval only
- issue of a product guarantee
- certification





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Technical means to remove pollen

Microfiltration is applied

- to prevent crystallisation
- to remove yeasts for preservation



 sometimes to disclose the true origin

Not accepted in organic production.

Consequences for *traders*

- establish trust and reliability between partners
- transparency of product chain
- check bargains for legal compliance
- keep retain samples of all lots
- contractual liability exclusion in case of fraud by seller
- co-operation with authorities
- in case of GMO detection: removal from shelves / product recall campaign







Consequences for the *consumer*

- awareness of consumers' key role
- reflect consume behavior
- observe the origin of food
- accept higher prices



• collect and disseminate information via networks







Put pressure

- on policy makers
- on the food industry
- on seed companies



- join field occupations
- inform press/TV about campaigns

Support

- organic production
- critical consumer organizations/ protest movements





Future prospects

- keen interests of the biotech /seed industry remain
- transnational companies influence legislative bodies by strong lobbying, farmer's and consumer's minds by propaganda.
- actual legal settings of today might undergo revision











The expert carousel

Civil society action groups observe of TNCs activities. At the end the consumer will vote by choosing GMOfree products – as long as they are available



THANK YOU !

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