CORE Organic

ANIPLAN: Minimising medicine use in organic dairy farms through animal health and welfare planning

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Objective

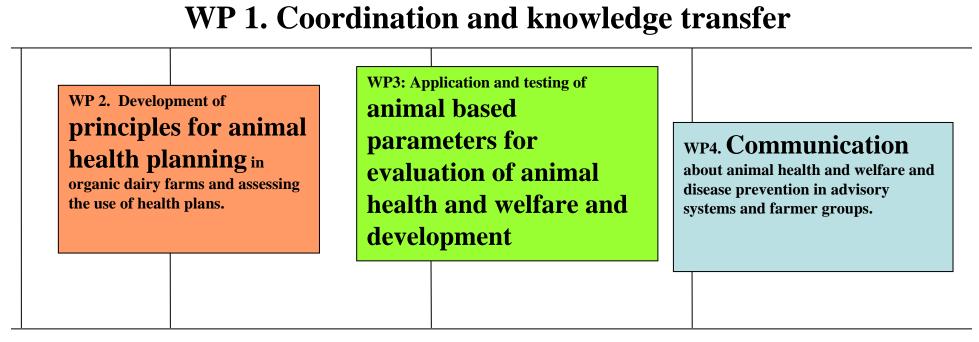
To minimise medicine use

in organic dairy herds

through active and well planned

animal health and welfare promotion and disease prevention

Project structure



WP 5. Analysing the effect of minimised use of medicine through animal health promotion

On-farm studies in 150 dairy herds

Dk: • 15 farms; farmer groups + individual planning

Austria: • 40 farms; farmer groups + individual planning

UK: • 20 farms; farmer groups & discussion group

Ch: • 15 farms; farmer groups

NI: • 14 farms; observations of farmers' changes

D: • 40 farms; individual planning process

N: • 6 farms; individual planning

Research methodologies

- Animal welfare assessements & analyses
- Disease data / epidemiological analyses
- Analyses within and across countries
- Qualitative studies included (not in the original plan):
 - In-depth interviews (UK)
 - Interviews of facilitators in all countries
 - Open-ended questions in combination with questionnaires

ANIPLAN – in practice under different conditions







On farm research & development

Strong links to end-user environments



Objective

 To minimise medicine use in organic dairy herds through active and well planned animal health and welfare promotion and disease prevention.

(Time perspective: 3 year project)

Original hypothesis

 Medicine use in organic dairy herds can be minimised through active and well planned animal health and welfare promotion and disease prevention.

Yes – this hypothesis will be maintained during the project

Intermediate objectives

- Develop animal health and welfare planning principles
- Application of animal health and welfare assessment based on the WelfareQuality parameters in different types of organic dairy herds across Europe.
- Develop guidelines for communication about animal health and welfare promotion in different settings.

Animal health plan

Animal health and welfare planning

Plan: the document





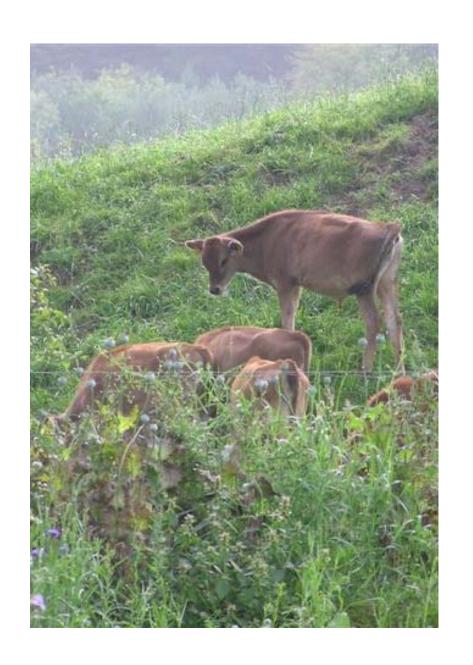
Planning:

The

process

Main results so far

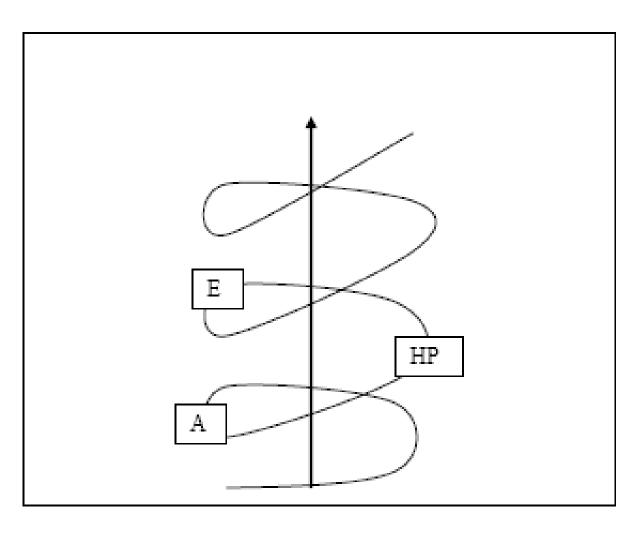
- Animal health and welfare PLANNING the important focus
- Principles for animal health planning developed and under research



Principles developed

- 1. The process => continuous improvement
- 2. Farm specific
- 3. Farmer ownership
- 4. External person(s) should be involved
- 5. External knowledge
- 6. Organic principles framework
- 7. Written
- 8. Acknowledge good aspects

1. Health planning as a process for continuous improvement

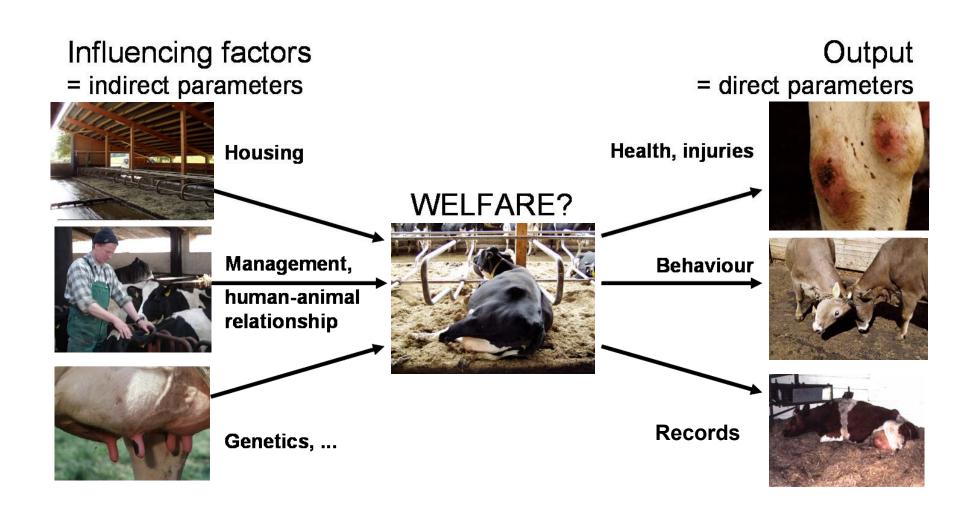


A= Assessment

HP= Health planning

E= Evaluation

Resource and animal based parameters



Assessment Protocol

(adapted from WelfareQuality® Dairy)

- 1. Avoidance distance at feeding rack (ADF)
- 2. Qualitative Behavioural Assessment (QBA)
- 3. Behavioural observations
- 4. Assessment of individual animals
- 5. Ressource Check list
- 6. Management Check list
- 7. Disease treatment records
- 8. Milk recording data



External persons

External knowledge

Evaluation of condition

Dialogue Farmership Planning process

Report Recommendations 'Animal health and welfare plan' = what the farmer plans to do and how

Which challenges for the organic sector will project results contribute to solve, and how?

- Improve the understanding of the role of the herd and the wants and needs of individual animals according to organic principles
- Give guide lines to the 'right approach' to medicine reduction: better animal health and welfare
- Develop a process for conscious and continuous planning for the future, meeting concerns for animal health and welfare in organic herds

Animal welfare and organic principles framework





- Welfare (e.g. 5 freedoms)
- Emphasis: Natural behaviour, feed, naturalness
- No hunger, no thirst, no disease, no death, no suffering, good humananimal contact

Which challenges remain for the organic dairy sector?

- Modify the protocol for assessments to a realistic level for practical decision making
- Link it to the advisory and farmer environments
- Evaluate long term effects of the process of animal health and welfare planning

Which challenges do you see in the future for the organic sector (in the domain of the project participants) and which research needs do they point to?

- Resilience; meeting climate change challenges
- Farm to principles
- Strengthen farmer responsibility and ownership within the sector

- Regional farming and food systems
- Pasture systems, group housing, structural development

b- new research ideas and their potential importance for the sector

- Evaluation of a long term process of conscious health and welfare planning
- Similar approaches taken to other animal production systems, species & age groups
- Compare different advisory systems and intensity depending on farmer expectations and economy
- Complementary medicine and herbs

- c- experience with transnational research, added value, scientific inspiration and perspectives for the European sector.
- Synergy
- Greater external validity for European farmers
 - Common framework & context specific adjusted: relevant under all conditions
- Interdisciplinary approaches are strengthened
- Networks between national + international platforms
- Understanding of 'organic' is constantly challenged

c- experience with transnational research, added value, scientific inspiration and perspectives for the European sector: more general and recommendations

- An advantage with previous collaboration
- ANIPLAN: very different backgrounds but all with tradition of on-farm-research
- Good, long and intense workshops
- Regular communication very necessary

Cross-cutting issues to be raised later: Recommendations to CORE-2

Emphasise the need to see projects as joint crossnational projects and with common interest:

- Commitment of all countries to common decision made by the project review committee / how to deal with countryspecific priorities and restrictions?
- Sub-contract issues
- Critically evaluate which on-going / future national projects a CORE project links up to
- Need for a process after approval of project but before actual project start where there is a project meeting and negotiation – where details are settled OR a phase 1 and phase 2 submission

