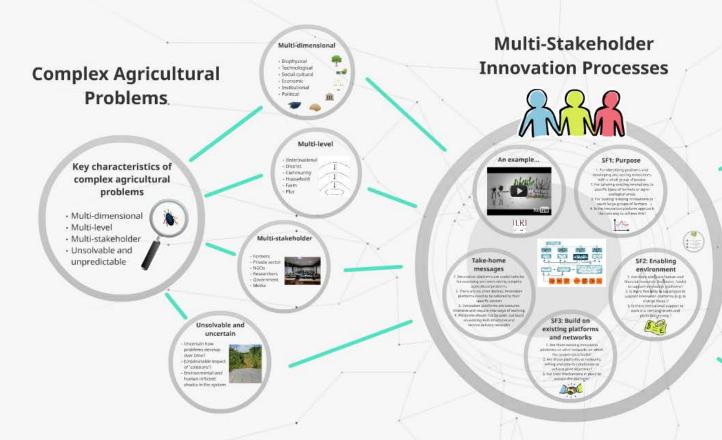




Innovation platforms for agricultural development





Agricultural Innovation



Multi-level approach



Collective action

Try to understand the solution and the problems that different stakeholder groups are form;—these better insights in what type of immostrons are beautiful wable, and acceptable for different groups of solutions of the solution of the solu

Iterative and resilient

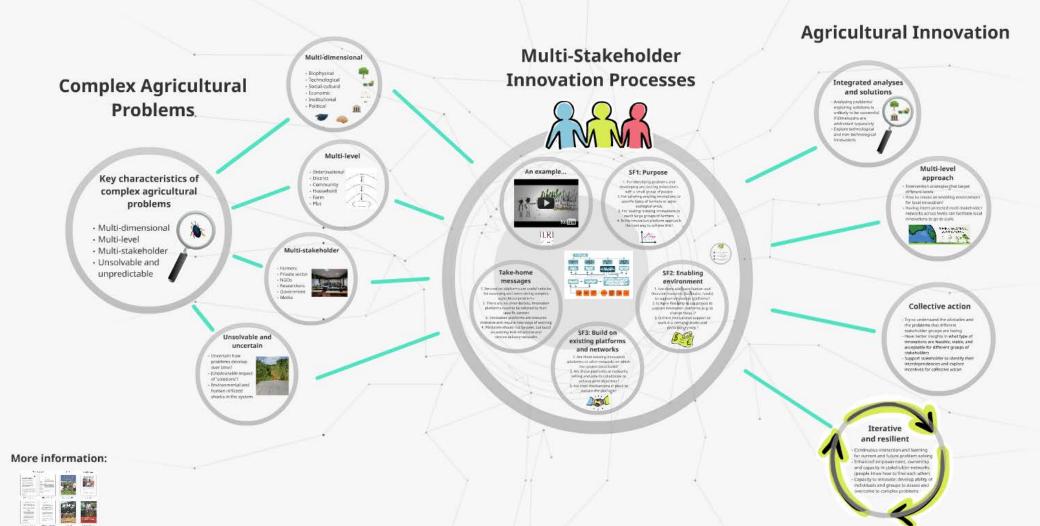
More information:





Innovation platforms for agricultural development





Take-home messages

- 1. Innovation platforms are useful vehicles for assessing and overcoming complex agricultural problems
 - There are no silver-bullets: innovation platforms need to be tailored to their specific context
- Innovation platforms are resource intensive and require new ways of working
 Platforms should not by-pass, but build on existing R4D structures and service delivery networks



Complex Agricultural Problems

Key characteristics of complex agricultural problems

- · Multi-dimensional
- · Multi-level
- Multi-stakeholder
- Unsolvable and unpredictable



Multi-dimensional

- Biophysical
- Technological
- Social-cultural
- Economic
- · Institutional
- Political





Multi-level

- · (Inter)national
- District
- · Community
- Household
- Farm
- Plot



Multi-stakeholder

- Farmers
- Private sector
- NGOs
- Researchers
- Government
- Media



Unsolvable and uncertain

- Uncertain how problems develop over time?
- (Un)desirable impact of 'solutions'?
- Environmental and human inflicted shocks in the system



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 for assessing agricular
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4. Platforms si on existi service

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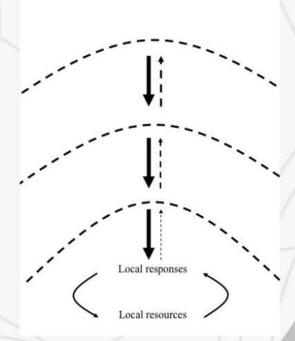






Multi-level

- (Inter)national
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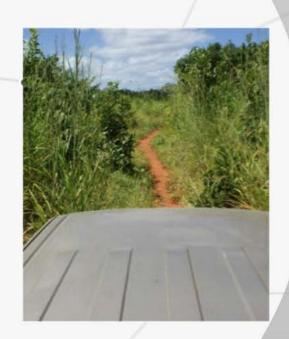
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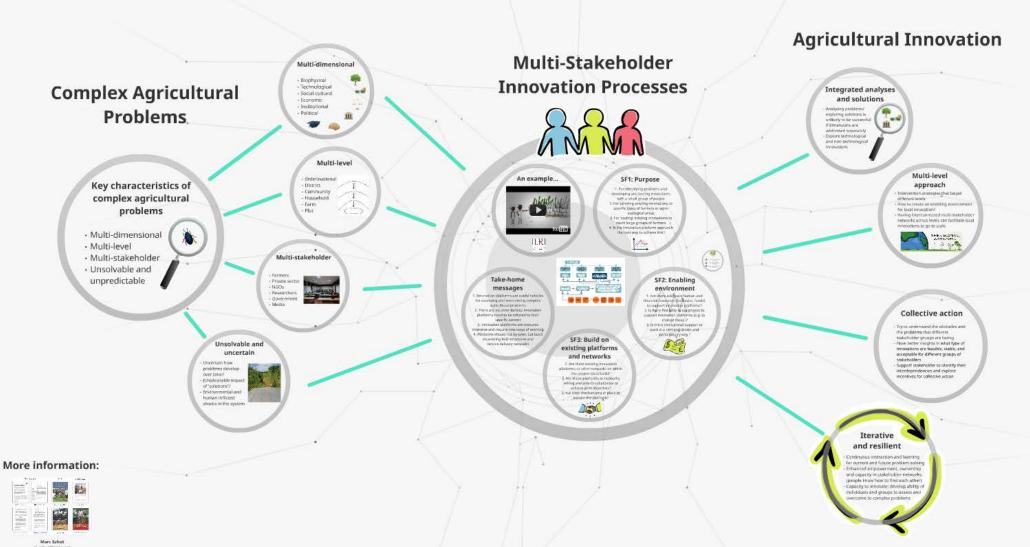
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Innovation platforms for agricultural development





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SF1: Purpose

t. For identifying problems and

with a small group of people For tailoring existing innovations to specific types of farmers or agro-

ecological areas

3. For 'scaling' existing innovations to

reach large groups of farmers

4. Is the innovation platform approach the best way to achieve this?

> SF2: Enabling environment 1. Are there adequate human and financial resources (facilitator, funds) to support innovation platforms?
>
> 2. Is there flexibility in our project to

support innovation platforms (e.g. to change focus)?
3. Is there institutional support to

vork in a demand-driven and

participatory way?



xample...



working at build

existing platforms and networks 1. Are there existing innovation

SF3: Build on

platforms or other networks on which the project could build? 2. Are those platforms or networks willing and able to collaborate to achieve joint objectives? 3. Are their mechanisms in place to sustain the platform?



Agricultural Innovation

Integrated analyses and solutions

- Analysing problems/ exploring solutions is unlikely to be successful If dimensions are addressed separately
- Explore technological and non-technological



Multi-level approach

- Intervention strategies that target
- How to create an enabling environment
- Having interconnected multi-stakeholder networks across levels can facilitate local novations to go to scale



Collective action

- · Try to understand the obstacles and the problems that different
- stakeholder groups are facing
- · Have better insights in what type of innovations are feasible, viable, and acceptable for different groups of stakeholders
- · Support stakeholder to identify their interdependencies and explore incentives for collective action

Iterative and resilient

- Continuous interaction and learning for current and future problem solving
- Enhanced empowerment, ownership and capacity in stakeholder networks (people know how to find each other)
- Capacity to innovate: develop ability of individuals and groups to assess and overcome to complex problems



Integrated analyses and solutions

 Analysing problems/ exploring solutions is unlikely to be successful if dimensions are addressed separately

 Explore technological and non-technological innovations



Multi-level approach

- Intervention strategies that target different levels
- How to create an enabling environment
 for local innovation?
- Having interconnected multi-stakeholder networks across levels can facilitate local innovations to go to scale



Collective action

- Try to understand the obstacles and the problems that different stakeholder groups are facing
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Multi-Stakeholder Innovation Processes



An example...



ILRI

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 For tailoring existing innovations to specific types of farmers or agroecological areas
- For 'scaling' existing innovations to reach large groups of farmers
 Is the innovation platform approach the best way to achieve this?
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Take-home messages

- Innovation platforms are useful vehicles for assessing and overcoming complex agricultural problems
- There are no silver-bullets: innovation platforms need to be tailored to their specific context
- Innovation platforms are resource intensive and require new ways of working 4. Platforms should not by-pass, but build on existing R4D structures and service delivery networks



SF3: Build on existing platforms and networks

1. Are there existing innovation platforms or other networks on which the project could build?
2. Are those platforms or networks willing and able to collaborate to achieve joint objectives?
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SF2: Enabling

- 1. Are there adequate human and financial resources (facilitator, funds) to support innovation platforms?
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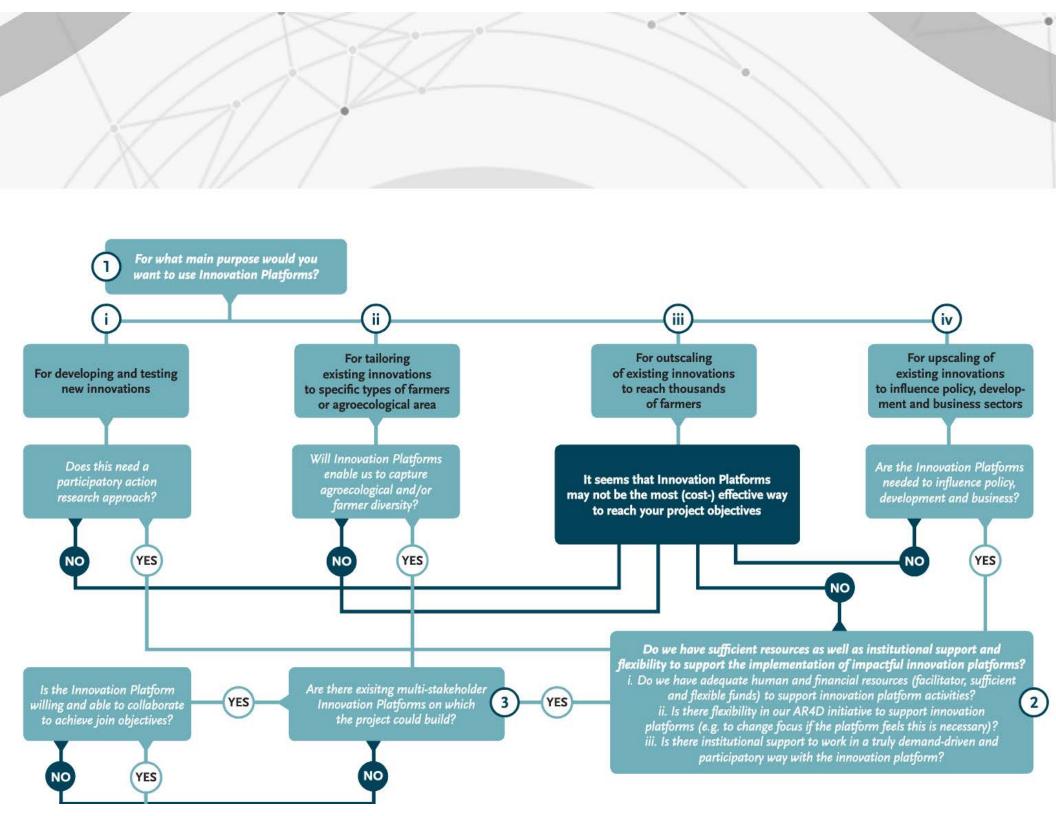




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to support innovation orm fiels this is necessary)?

a truly demand-driven and valion platform?





SF2: Enabling environment

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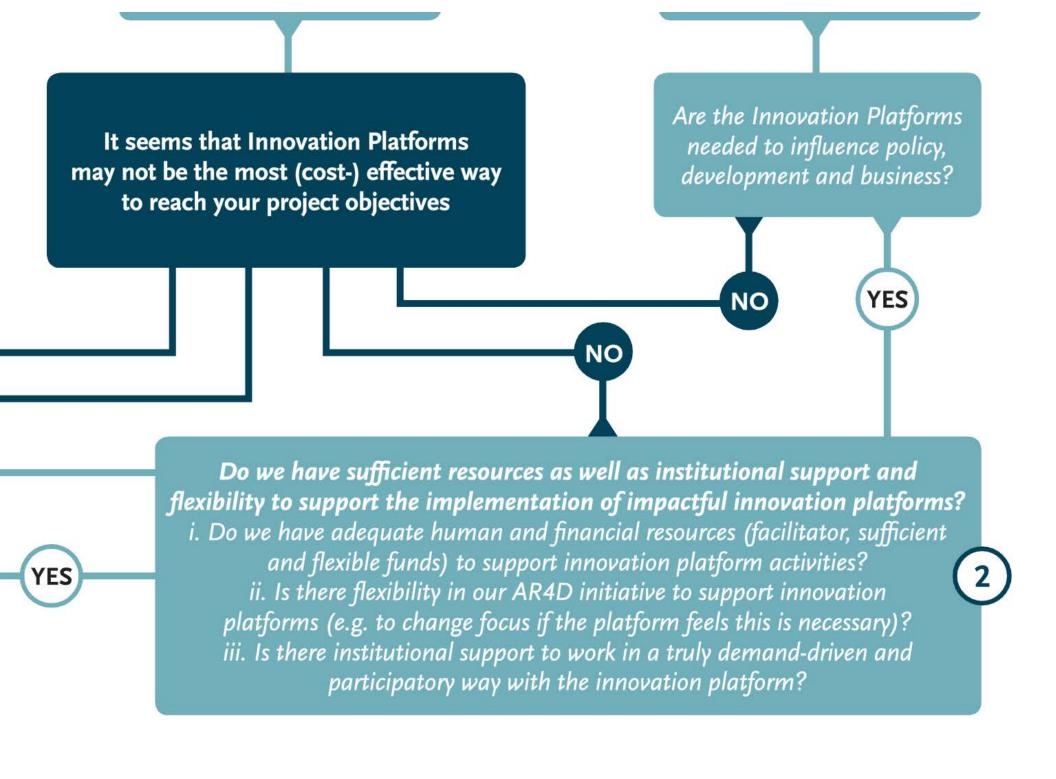
Innovation platforms - \$85 f/yr -> 1500 farmers



Farmer Field Schools: \$53 f/yr -> 2500 farmers



Gov extension system: \$7,50 f/yr -> 17,000 farmers



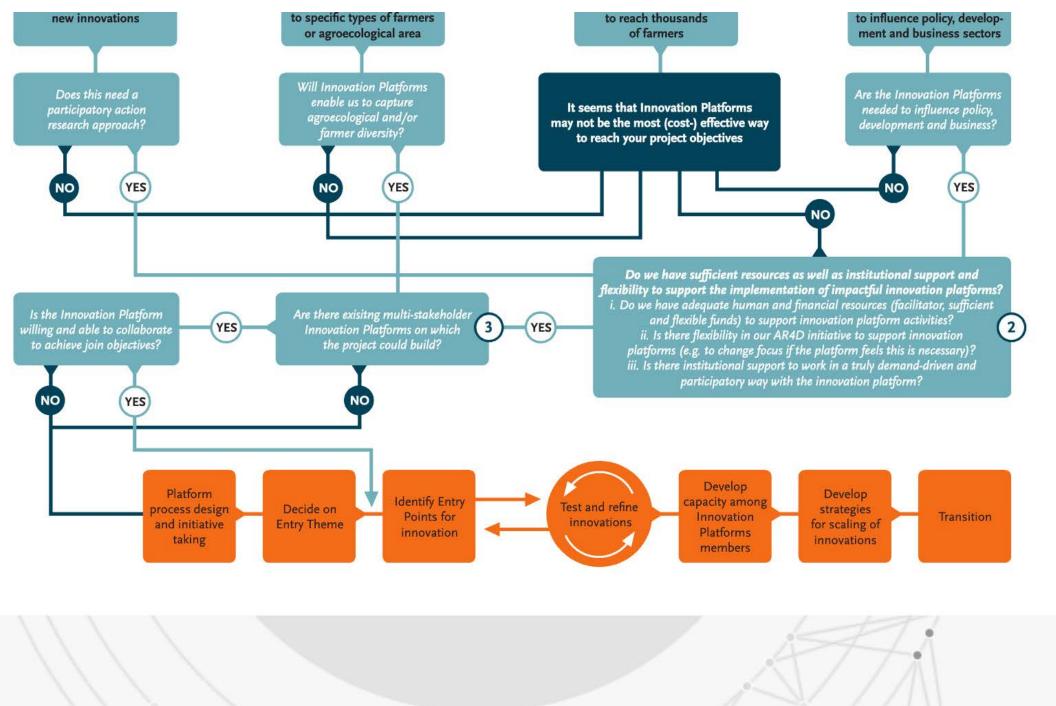
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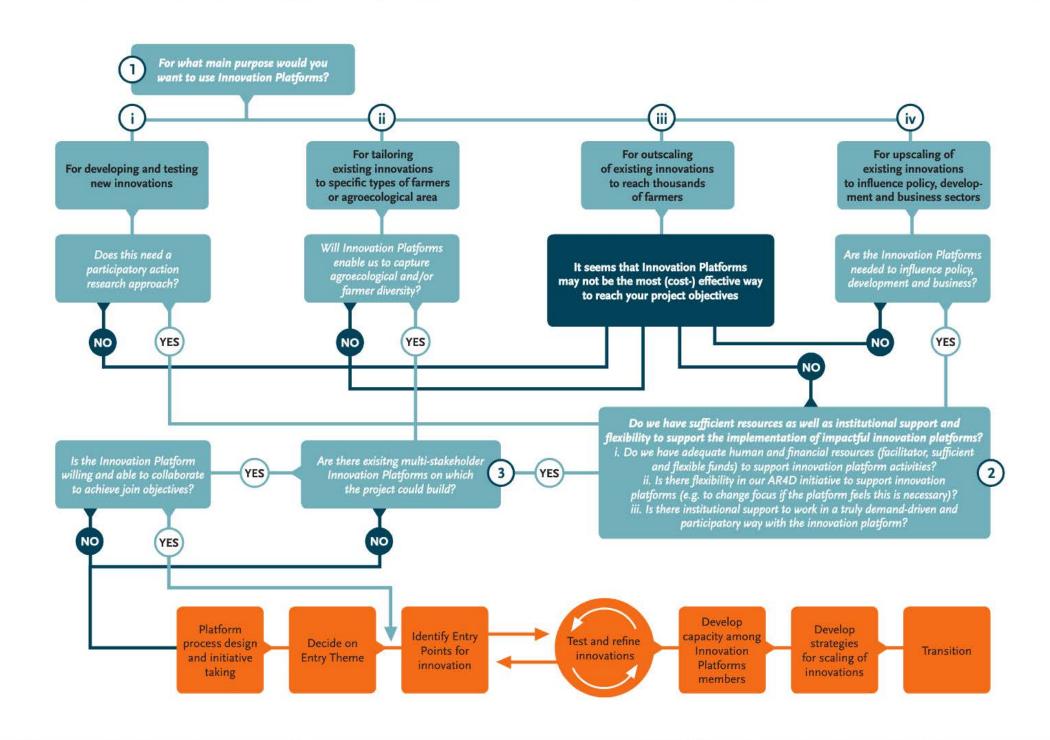
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Take-home messages

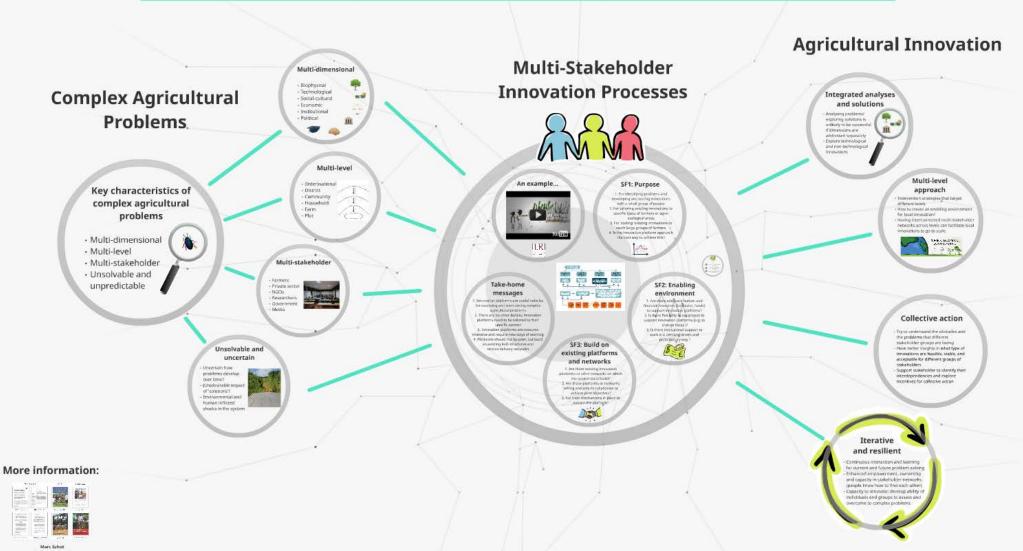
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More information:











Exp Ag 2017 online







CGIAR Humidtropics

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